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A SELECTION OF USEFUL ARTICLES FROM THE MODERN PRISCILLA

## SEVERAL NEW DESIGNS

NEVER BEFORE PUBLISHED

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## CONTENTS

## Articles for Women

Star Stitch 3 Ladies' Slippers ..... 12
Knot Stitch 4 Auto Priscilla Ilood ..... 13
Staple Work 4 Ladies' Jacket ..... I-1
Square Shawl + Ladies' Cape ..... 16Ladies' Petticoat5 Shawl6 Shawl in Staple Crochet and Knot StitchI7
Neck Protector6 Ladies' Shaw18
Rainlow ScarfI 8Ladies' Hood in Staple Work

Ladies' Hood in Staple Work
Cotton Skirt
Evening Cape
Ladies' Mittens
Nightingale
Knee Cap
Ripple Shawl
Auto Scarf

Slumber Slippers

8 Fascinator
9 Fascinator in Staple Work
9 Circular Shawl
10 Silk Slipuers
io Scarf
II Golf Vest
12 Kimono

## Articles for Babies and Children

| Brownie Hood | Mittens |
| :---: | :---: |
| Carriage Afghan | Mittens |
| Bib | Sack |
| Infant's Band | Bontees |
| Bootees | Ball |
| Bonnet | Cloak |
| Cap | Slippers |
| Cap | Hood |
| Cap | Napoleon Hat |
| Hnod | Napoleon Cap |
| Shaw1 | Cap |
| Bootees | Bib |
| Petticoat | Carriage Afghan |
| Bed Socks | Sack |
| Socks | Sack |
| Socks | Sack |
| Bath Robe | Sack |
| Nightingale | Sack |

## Explanation of Stitches

Chain Stiter (ch st). Make a serics of Joops. drawng each lonp through the preceding one:
Slip Sriterr (sl st). Insert the look into the stitch, draw the wool through that stitch and throngh the wool on hook at the simle thale.
Single Crochet (s c). Insert the homk. Jraw wond throngh, pass wool around hook (wool over), and draw it througls both loops on the hook.
Doyble Croches ( $d$ c). l'ass the wool around the hook, insert the hook, draw wool through; rate the worl around the hook, and draw the nool throngly 2 loons, wool over, and again through $=1001 \mathrm{~s}$.

## Star Stitch

Star stitch, when correctly madc. is once of the best and prettiest stitches in crocheting, beng suitable for almost every article crocheted of silk or wool where a close stiteh is wanted. It is one of the simplest stitehes in erocloet and yet mon of tho hardest to give directions for, as no two persons will make it alike, anol a little difference in the working of the


Star Stitch
stars may mecensitate the putting in or leaving nut of a number of extra stars in at row. The greatest difference is made in taking the stitches uff the hook, some pulling the stitches one way and some another. It is advisable for any one working star stiteh for the first time to work a sample strip of single zephyr. Crochet a ch of 24 sts. Without throwing over the wool, skip the st next to the hook and draw the wool through the 2 d , seeping both sts on the hook. Take up the $3{ }^{1}$, 4 th, and 511 sts the same way, making 5 sts on the rook. These sts must be quite lonse and must e the same length. Throw neer the wool and ake off all 5 sts together and finish the star with t eh to hold it tugether. Now put the hook n the ist st of the star going down the side, it

Half loucble (rochet (h d c). Pass the wool aromnd the book insert the hook, draw woul through; mass the woul around the hook, and draw the wool throngli all 3 loops at once.
Long Crochet (1 ç. Irase the wool around the hook, insert. drav wool through; pass the wool around the hook, and draw it throngh 1 Jonjs woul over. then through 2 , woot over, then agan thronsh -.
Trebre (ruchet (t of or C ). l'ass the wool around the hook twice, inseat the houk, draw the wool througli; pass the wool aronme the houk, draw thrmath $=$ dongh, wool urer again through 2 loups, woul wer, then agan through 2 .
being a short st and ealled the eye of the star, draw the wool through, then through baek thread of the next st uf the star. it being a long st; then take up the next 2 sts of the ch, making 5 sts as lefore: ilraw the wool throush all at whee and work the i ch to rinish the star. Reprat montil you have ten stars. Crochot an extra choin stitch and clip the wool. $2 d$ rom- 1 rath the woul through eh st at leginming of at stat. the mee. Chain 3. skip Ist and take up al and 3il. Now mothce there is a long and shont st an the top of exory star of the Ist row. Take up the lack threat of the long st and louth threads of the short st. There will now be 5 sts on the hook. l'ruecel its lefore working a star over every star of the precerling row. Work font or five rows in this way. Now notice if your work at the ends is perfectly straight. If it slopes at the end where the wool is clipued off, you will have to work an extra star to kecp it even, until you have learned how to take your sts off the hook poperly. Don't forget this. It is senerally eatrsed by keoping the ast st tight upon the hook when it shondrl be lonsest of all. There atre two ways to widen stat stitch. First Well-Finur sts only are taken 11p. the short atal lome max down the side of the precesling star and the fonth whe in the short st into which was pat the last st of the preceding star. Sometimes two extra stars are put in this same stitch. and the term used is wi 2. Second W"ay-Take up the short and long st down the side of preceding star and the lomes st of star tuderneath, making + sts. Take off as lufore making one star. Now take up sloott and long st down side amd short st of star underncath. This makes two stars over one of preceding row, and the term used is wi by 2 over 1.

To Work Star Stitcii in Circle -Chain 4 on which work 1 star of 4 sts. D'roceed as for widening star stitel. working 7 stars of $\&$ sts each, the fth st of all 7 stars being taken in same ch as the fth of 1 st star. Join last star hy st st to ist.


Way of Working Star Stitch in Circee
$2 d$ rout- IVork I star of 5 sts over ist star of Ist row, wi I star. Kepeat around circle.

In the 3 d row widen every 2 stars and so on as directerl.

## Knot Stitch

Work the foumdation chain as called for in the directions for garment. Draw a loop out to about one-half inch, (lraw thread through, thus forming a long chan stitch, insert the hook in this long chain, separating the loop first irawn out, from the strand formed when thread was drawn through, and work a sc, draw rut another lonp same length, draw


K゙Not Stitch
thread through, s c as before, skipping the required number of stitches in foundation, $s$ e in next. This is a group of knot stitch: some crocheters refer to it as knot stitch, and others to knot stiteh as just half the group. Repeat as many times as directed. At end of row, work one group and a
half, turn, and scon each side of the s c at centre, or catch by s c into top of same, as some directions call for.

## Staple Work

Also Called Halrifin W゙ork and Malese Crochet
Either buy or have made of good stiff wire, a staple 6 iuches long and the desired width between prongs, a one and one-half inch staple being the most desirable. Tie wool around open end and let the finished work slip, toward closed end of staple. When the staple is full slip the work off and roll up, tying it to staple to keep it from twisting, first slipping back on the staple the last two loops on both sides.

Holding the staple so there is a right and left prong, insert the crochet-hook under the loop on left prong and draw wool through ch, which commences the work. Slipping the look over the right prong, turn the staple over toward you, wrapping wool around the left prong as you do so. This will make the left prong now the right one. The crochet-hook must always be inserted under the wool on the left prong from the side toward you. Draw the wool through as above, which gives you two loops on the hook.


Staple Work Take off as in single crochet.

In the old way of working toward the closed end of staple, the hook had to be taken out each time the staple was turned and inserted again. In working toward the open end it is just slipped over and is ready when the staple is turned. If a heavier centre is desired insert the hook under the left prong twice, making two single crochets.

## Square Shaw

ataterials.-Four balls of ice wool. Medium-sized bone hook.
Chain eight stitches and join in ring.
Ist row-Chain 5 , work i s c in 2 d ch, ch 5 . I s c in 4 th ch, eh 5. I s e in 6th ch, ch 5. i s c in Sth. $2 d$ row-Chain 5. I s c in 1 st of 5 ch just made, ch 5 , I S c in 1 st group of previous row, ch 5 , I s c in 1 st of 5 ch just made, ch 5 . I s c in next group of ist row, ch 5. I se in ist of 5 ch just made, ch 5 , I scin next group of ist row, ch 5 . 1 sec in 1 st of 5 ch just made, ch 5 . s c in last group. This forms the corners.
$3^{d}$ rou-Chain 5.1 sc in $3^{4} \mathrm{ch}$ of 5 which forms corner, ch 5 . I scin ist of 5 ch just made, ch 5 . I sc in ist group of 21 row, ch 5. isc in 3 \} of 5 ch at conner. ch $5 . \mathrm{sec}$ in ist of ch just made, ch 5 , i
 sections, mitting the widening on withes, thus keeping both elfoes straight. Work is rows clear across, then for the next 26 rows work iz back and forth cach side of the placket.

Fasten the wool in the right conner of the plackel, and work a row of shells all aroundeach shell of $+d$ c. joine ley a s c.

Seltare Shallo.
s c in 24 group, ch 5 . I scin 34 of 5 ch at corner, ch 5.5 c in Ist of ch just made. ch $5.1=\mathrm{c}$ in 3 d group in at row, ch 5 , is c in 3 ll of 5 ch at corner. ch 5 . I s c in ist of ch just made. Whork 36 rows like 3 d .

For ring border-* Chain 2. wind wool around finger iz times, in ring that formed work 2 s c , then $2 \mathrm{ch}, 2 \mathrm{sc}$ in ist ch of 3 gth row. Repeat from * all aromed shawl.

Work 4 more rows of ch like 3 Gth row, catching the ist of the $f$ into rings with 2 sc .

Work 21 sow of rings like ist, then $\&$ more rows of ch like 3 oth row.

For fringe-* Chain $\mathrm{I} 4 . \mathrm{c} \mathrm{c}$ in 211 st of 5 ch , ch If. sc in fth of $5 \mathrm{ch} . *$ Repeat from * all around shaw.

## Ladies' Petticoat

Mtaterials.-Twelve skeins of creamelnite Shetlambl floss, yands of $\mathrm{No}+\mathrm{rlbhm}$, and a medram-hizet bance crochet. ,ook.
This petticoat is made in four pieces-the front gore, two side gores, and the straight back. The work is done in half double stitch, made ly throwing wool over hook, taking a stitch through the chain, then drawing wowl through the 3 stitches on the hook. Take the stitches through the back and front ones beneatl.
liegin the front gore with 42 ch, turn, and, beginning in the all $^{\prime}$ st from the hook, work a halfduvile erochet ( h l c) in each chain stitch. For the ed row, ch 2 . work a h d c in base of the 2 ch , then in wery h do of the ist row. The following rows are worked the same as the 21 row -the st in the bane of the 2 ch making the widening in each row Skirt is 94 rows deep.

Fur the sile gore hegin with $3^{8}$ ch and proceerl as in the front gore except at the side which joins the front. This side is kept straight by omitting the st in the base of the 2 ch. Work the same mumber of rows as in the front, then work the second side gore same as the first.

Fur the back, ch 17t. Work back and forth the same as in the other


Ladies' Petticuat
Jow the gores by placing the straight edges of the side gores to the front, and the back joined
to the bias edges of the side gores. Use the slipstitch in joining the gores, being careful to have the ribs match.

Begin at the left corner of the placket with ch
the row, widening in every foth st as in the first row.

The $5^{\text {th }}$ and 6th rows are repetitions of the 2 d and 3 d rows. 5. and work a row of $t \mathrm{c}$ with I ch between in every alternate stitch of the top of the skirt. This row is for the riblon.

The border is crocheted im the lower edge of the skirt. For the ist row make a s c in every stitch of the edge.
2d row -* Chain 5. skip 2 st, s c in mext st, ch 5. skip I. s c in next st, * repeat from the * acruss the row.
$3^{d}$ row-Chain 2, * I d c in ch 5 of 2 d row, 1 c in mext th 5. ( $\operatorname{ch} 2, d$ c) 3 times in the same ch 5. Repeat from * to end of the row.
$4^{\text {th }}$ rozu- * Chain 4, Sceletween the Ist and 21 l c of the $f$ d c beneath, ch $f$ s s c between the $3^{1}$ and fith $d c$ of the same group of $d c$. Repeat from * to end of the row. Repeat the 3ul and 4 th rows each 3 times.

The last row is made of 6 d c with 2 ch between into the +ch , fasten with s cinto next +ch and repeat to and of the tow.

These directions make a skirt 29 inches long and 2 1-2 yards wide at the lower edge. By making the skirt in gores there is no extra fulness around the hips. This garment is about right for a 24 -inch waist, and may lee increased or decreased at the beginning of the gores.

## Neck Protector

Matertals-Four skeins of Fermantown, 1 skein Saxony, and 3 yards of No. 5 satin ribtron.
Begin at the neck with a chain of 74 stitches. turn, work sc in $3^{d}$ st from the hook and in each of the next * 9 chains, 2 sc in the loth st, and repeat from * to end of the row. The 2 sc in every Ioth st makes the widenings.
$2 d$ rown-Chain 1, turn, s c in each s of of the first row, taking up both stitches.
$3^{d}$ roul-Chain 2 , turn, and in each $s c$ of the second row work a puif stitch as fullows: Throw wool over hook as for $d \mathrm{c}$, take a st through the s c , throw wool over again. take up another st in same place, this makes 5 sts on the hook, then draw wool through all the sts on the hook. and fasten by a sc.
the $^{\text {th }}$ rou-Chain 1, turn, se in each of the first 9 puffs, 2 s c in the roth puff. Repeat to end of


Neck Protector

The next 18 rows are repetitions of the first three rows.

Fasten wool in the right corner of the neck, ch 3 , work $d \mathrm{c}$ in every alternate st of the neck with 1 ch between the d c -this makes the spaces through which the ribbon is run.

For the border fasten the wool at left corner of the bottom (ch I, 2 d c. ch 1, 2 d c, ch I, 2 dc c. ch $1,2 \mathrm{dc})$ between the 2 d and 3 d puffs, ch $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{s}$ c between the 4 th and sth puffs. Repeat the above shells all around the protector.

2d roz-Chain 2. 3 d c in the first ch I of the shell, ch I , 3 dc in next ch I , ch $\mathrm{I}, 3 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$ in next ch I, ch 2, s c in the s c between the shells. Repeat across the row.

Last row-Chain 1, 3 d c in first cli 1 , fasten with as c in second d c of the first group, 3 dc in the next ch $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{se}$ in midile d c of the next group. and repeat across the row. This makes a fluted border.

Run ribbon througl the spaces at the neck, leaving ends to tie. Fasten riblons in the middle of the fromt and at the lower cotners to tie.

This is very pretty and useful to wear under the wrap as a protection for the neck and shoulders.

## Rainbow Scarf

Either Saxony or floss may be used for this work, about six skeins of white and half a skein of each of the colors used being required. The stitch used is original and is casy to do, fluffy in effect, will
keep its shape well. Use a medium-sized bone hook and work as follows:

Chain 68 sts of the white. Ist row-Turn and work back thus: Draw out st on hook to about 3-4
detail and continue increasing one star every row between widenings until you widen every 8 stars in ath roa'. In doth row widen at centre top, and back. Crochet 3 rows aronnd plain and then, leaving off 6 stars at back, crochet 8 rows across front without widening. (See detail wtar st, page 3.)

For the ontside, crochet a whole skein on the staple. Cut off 60 bonps, counting loops on one side only. Draw a piece of wool through forpo on one side of strip and tie tightly, which forms the amtre. Juin ad roú to this by drawing 2 loops of centre through 4 of strip. l'asten ends together as neatly as possible. 3 d rozDraw 3 of centre througlı + of strip. 4th row-1)raw 3 of centre through 3 of strip. These four rows should run clear around crown. The next three should be joined to each other by 3 loops and also to centre. leaving off 20 loops of centre at back.
of an inch, pass hook under the single thread of wool, draw through st, pass it unler wool, work a sl st, I ch (in this way you work first st of every row). To make second st * pass hook through second, draw up to three-fourths of an inch, catch the wool and make 2 close ch; repeat from * to end of chain. Turn and repeat from first row till you have worked 76 rows in the white wool.
To make the rainbow stripe-Fasten in the red wool and work two rows, then, in the order named, -orange, yellow, light green, dark green, indigo, light blue, violet. Finish the end with two or more rows of white.

To make the fring:-* Chain 35 , fasten tlown in next st with a sl st; repeat from * to end of row. Finish both edges of the scarf with a row of knot stitch.

## Ladies' Hood in Staple Work

The lining of this bood may be matle of any of the heavicr wools and in any close statch. In the illustration it is made of (iermantown, in star stitch. Of this material it takes two skeins. Fourrold zephyr would be softer and about as warm. and five skeins would be retuired. The outsile is made of two-fold zephyr on an inch and a half staple, and it takes two skeins. One ball of silk will make the edge.

For the lining-Chain 5: work a row of 7 stars of 4 loops each, and fasten in top of ist star by slip stitch. 2d row- Widen every other star as in

Pin the outside in place over the lining. Crochet the other skein up for frill and join to hoor thus: Chain 3. catch by s c first into hood then into 5


Ladies" Hood in Staple Work and Star Stitch
loops of strip, making it as full as desired. A pretty fimish is a strip of the staple work sewerl on where frill joins hood. An edge of silk is thon crocheted around the edge of frill and around both sides of strip sewed on, by crocheting chain 5 and catching in two loops of staple work. In this design the strip sewed on above frill is made on a smaller staple.

## Cotton Skirt

This skirt is for a 26 -inch waist and 46 -inch hip measure. Use No. 8 tidy cotton and make a chain to go around the hips. In this skirt it was 323 chain which made 106 spaces.

1st roan- - A d c into the sixth ch from hook ( 2 ch , a ( c in $3^{4} \mathrm{l} \mathrm{ch}$ ) repeat until there are 106 spaces in row.


Cotton Skirt
2d row.-Three ch to turn, then 3 dc in each space. 3d row.-Thrce ch, 2 d c in 2 d c (take up both loops to make it atrong ). 3 ch, miss $3 \mathrm{dc}, 3 \mathrm{dc}$ in a row, Reprat to the end.
$4^{\text {th }}$ row.-Three $d \mathrm{c}$ on 3 dc and 3 ch between. Repeat this row 20 times, which makes it long enough for the placket.

Pin the ents over each other four spaces for the placket and in the nest row work through it at once, this fastens, jnin on the beginning of the row. After making the placket work five rows around the same as before, only joining each time to the beginning of row.

Ist row of flounce.-Bègin with 9 d c in a row, start from a solid block, if you do not end on one then slip stitch to one. Chain 3 and 2 dc in the block, 3 in the space and 3 on the next block, the 3 ch on the end counts as a d c ; a butterfly scallop in next space made of 3 ch , now 5 d c in the space, but only worked off to the last loop until the last is made, then cotton over and draw all the loops together, 5 ch and again 5 d c in the same space worked off the same way as before, 3 ch and 9 dc in a row, three on the blocks ant three on the space: 3 ch and pass over the open space and begin from the begimning but without the 3 ch . Repeat until you have 13 butterfly scallops, join on the three chain.
$2 d$ row of flounce.-Slip stitch over one $\mathrm{d} \mathrm{c}, 3 \mathrm{ch}$ and 6 dc on 6 dc and 3 dc on the 3 ch , making 10 dc with the 3 ch in a row. * Now a butterfly scallop in the centre of the one below: 10 d c in a row, beginning with three mader the 3 ch and 7 d c on 7 de e, I ch. miss 2 dc , I dc in the space, 1 ch , miss 2 dc on other side, now 10 d c in a row and repeat from * all aromad. Join on the 3 ch .

3d row of flownce-Same as the second row except only missing a d c on each side of the indent, so that it makes 12 d c in a row on each side of the butterfly scallop, and a de on the de in the indent. Repeat this row seven times more. Of course the d c increase in number each row.

Ifth rou'- No increasing is done after this. Work as lefore but miss 3 dc on both sides of the indent. Work 7 rows like it.

Scallops in the indents between points.-Fasten cotton in the $f^{\text {th }} \mathrm{d} \mathrm{c}$ on right side of indent: ch 3 . a scallop of 6 dc in the 1 c between points, 3 ch , a slip-stitch in opposite $f$ th d c .
$2 d$ row.-Slip stitch up +15 c. turn. 3 ch, 3 d c under 3 ch , one d c on each of $6 \mathrm{dc}, 3 \mathrm{dc}$ under 3 ch , 3 ch, slip stitch on $4^{\text {th }} \mathrm{d} \mathrm{c}$ on point.
ad rom.-Slip stitch up 3 d c. 3 ch, 3 d c under $3 \mathrm{ch},(3 \mathrm{ch}, 3 \mathrm{l} \mathrm{conl} 3 \mathrm{lc}$ ), three times more: 3 ch , 3 de meler 3 ch , slip stitch on the d c of point.
$t^{t h}$ roan.-Slip stitch up $3 \mathrm{ll} \mathrm{c}, 3 \mathrm{ch} .3 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$ under 3 ch. (now 3 ch and 3 d c over each 3 (1 c) four times in this row: 3 ch, 3 fl c moler 3 ch . slip stitch in fth 1 c on point.

Repeat this $f$ th row five times more which will fill the indent between points. The last should be fastened right in the centre of the butterflics. Without breaking the cotton slip stitch down the side of the point to the last $f$ th d c and repeat from the beginning.

Porder the scallops with butterfly scallops made like this:

Fasten cotton on centre of a point, ch $3,5 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$ worked off to the last loop until last is made then Iraw cotton through all the loops, make in first 3 ch space, 4 ch , and again a wing of 5 dc in same place, 3 ch and a slip stitch on the centre of 3 dc . Repeat this for each space of scallops all around.

## Evening Cape

Datertals.-Thirty-two skeins shetland floss. in yards satin ribbon No, 3 for the yoke, 3 yards satm mbluon No. fo for ies, and a lining of China silk.
Band.-Nake a ch of $8_{4}$ sts, I d c in $5^{t h} \mathrm{ch}, \mathrm{ch}_{1} \mathrm{I}$, I d c in gth ch, so on till end of ch is reacherl.


Evening Cape
2d roat-Chain 5. I if c in d c, ch I, i d c in next d c , finish the row.
$3 d$, fth, and 5 th like $2 d$ row'.
Foke-Chain 5, i d c in d c of preceding row, ch $I$, I if c in same $\mathrm{d} \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{ch} \mathrm{I}$. I il c in next d c , so on till I 2 th d c is reached, * ch I, I il c in next d c, ch I , $1 \mathrm{~d} c$ in same $d \mathrm{c}$, repeat from $*$ to end of row.
$2 d, 3 d, \quad$ the $5 t h, 6 t h,-t h$, Sth, same as preceding row: always widen in the willening.
gth row.-Ones c in every st.
Cap:-Chain 5. 2 de in first $\mathrm{s} \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{ch} \mathrm{I}, 2 \mathrm{dc} \mathrm{in}$ same $s \mathrm{c}, 2 \mathrm{l}$ c in 3 l s c , ch $\mathrm{r}, 2 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$ in same $\mathrm{s} \mathrm{c}, 2$ d c in 5 th $\mathrm{s} \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{ch} 1,2 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$ in same s c, finish the row. Make 9 rows like preceding row.

IIth roat-Chain 5.3 d c in ch, ch $\mathrm{I}, 3 \mathrm{l} \mathrm{c}$ in same, 3 d c in mext ch. ch 1,3 if c in same, finish the row. Make 29 rows like preceding row.

Flowite-Chain 5.3 d c in ch, ch 1.3 il c in same 3 d c between shells in preceling row, ch $\mathrm{I}, 3 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$ in same place, 3 d $c$ in next ch, ch $I, 3$ d $c$ in same. Work six rows.

7th roas.-Twelve tr c in each shell.
Ruff.-In third row of collar band make nine rosettes, putting 36 tr c in each rosette. Finish all the edges of the cape with a chain of seven.

Chain 7 I sts and join; nuake $3+$ stars on this chain; work 8 rows of stars. At the beginning of the gth row widen loy working two stats over one. widen also the next star; willen every other row. This makes the thumb, and there nught to be 12 stars, when you widen the 5 th row, including the 10 that are widened. Crochet another row after the 5 rows widened. Now drop off the I2 stars for the thmmb and chain 8 sts, and join to the I 3th star. The chain sts must be picked up the next row. There ought to be 34 stars around the mitten, and if tom many, narrow at the thumb by taking two stars in one, crochet If rows and narrow. Narrow two stars in one, crochet 2 stars betwecn, marrowing all around the glove, crochet two rows. crochet 1 , narrow 1 all around, crochet I row, narrow two stars in one matil only 8 stars remain, draw wool through last stitch. Break wool, leaving enough to close with


Ladies' Mitten
sewing needie. Fick up stitehes at thumb and narrow to Jf stars. Crochet orows and narrow two stars in one until there are only 6 stars, finish as before. Crochet a shell seallop at the wrist.

## Nightingale

Materials.- Oile pound 6 ounces of three-ply wool, 3 yards of white ribbon $y_{2}$ inch wide, bone crochethook.
Chain 108; that is enough for 35 groups, with 2 ch between each group and 3 ch to turn around.


## Nightingale

ist row-A group consists of * $3 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}, 2 \mathrm{ch}$, is c. Miss 2 ch , and repeat from * till there are 35 groups in the row.
$2 d$ rozi-Turn around with 3 ch, which you count as I d c in this group. You always put the group between the $s c a n d$ first $d$ c of the group in previous row.

Continute till there are $18_{+}$rows, which make 60 inches. It takes two rows to make one edge group.

Work this pattern all around the nightingale three times.
ist roz-Plain.
2d rou-Increase at the four corners by working one extra group each side of the centre group. $3^{d}$ row-Plain.
Then turn lack and work the same pattern around the opposite way three times.
$f^{\text {th }}$ rour-Increase at the four corners.
$5^{\text {th }}$ rou- The same way: no increase.
6th row-The same way; increasing at the four corners.

To Make Up.--Double the work end to end, and mine inches from each side of the middle front edge join together to form the fold at the back: ten inches farther down each front edge put some ribbon to tie the fronts together round the neck.

Put two pieces of ribbon about five inches below this, and two more at the bottom of front edges.

Cuffs.-Take two back corners; turn the points back five inches and tie the two points or corners thus formed together with ribbon.

## Knee Cap

Materials.-Number 9 crochethook and 3 full ounces of fourply wool.
W'ork 42 chain rather easily.
Ist row-Miss I ch and work 41 s c .
$2 d$ row-One ch to turn, s c in back loop of each st in previous row, 41 in all. Repeat the $2 d$ row till six rows in all are done.
$7^{\text {th }}$ rou-One ch to turn, s c as usual in each of $20 \mathrm{sts}, 3 \mathrm{sc}$ in the front part of the next st, that is the front instead of the back, 20 sc to finish the row as usual.

Now go on in this fashion, making a ch to hegin, and the 20 s c each in the back of the st below. Then for the middle part, always working on the front part of the st, and putting 3 sts in the middle st every other row, and 20 sc on the other side of centre until there are 21 rows of the middle work; then work 6 rows without increase. but in the same style. There should be 20 ridged. 2I plain, and 20 ridged in each of the six rows. Now decrease a st in every row, by missing it altogether,

or draw the wool through first one st and then the other, and then work the three loops on the hook off as if they were one st. Repeat until you are down to 41 sts again, when you work six plain rows
as at the begimning. or until the cap is large enough. Sew or crochet the two edges together.
Note--To make the cap smaller, either do fewer rows in the increasing part or underneath, or use a slightly smaller hook. To make it larger, do one or two extra plain rows. Practically the same result of cap with less trouble will be attained by working in ridged crochet all along and increasing by putting 2 sts in the middle of every row instead of 3 sts in every other row, until the 61 sts are gained, while six ridged rows without increase must be worked. The decreasing is done by taking 2 sts together every row in the centre, keeping the ridged crochet as usual all the time.

## Ripple Shawl

The shawl illustrated is a new pattern, composed almost entirely of knot-stitch. While the stitch should be made rather loosely, the knot should be drawn tightly to give the work the much desired fluffy effect. A shawl made in this stitch is sure to keep its shape, for unlike the very open shell work, it camot sas.


Ripple Shawl
This shawl will require 9 skeins of white and 2 of colored Shetland floss. The shawl measures 25 inches from the neek to edge, with a sweep of 26 feet. If a deeper shawl is desired, make more rounds before putting on the border.

Use a medium-sized bone hook, and work as follows: Chain 5 and join.

1st row-W'ark 12 d c in ring.
ad roan-Work is double knot stitehes in the j2 d c of last row.
$3^{d}$ and $4^{\text {th }}$ rons-l'lain (catclung $k$ st minto $k$ st in usual way).
$5^{\text {th }}$ rou-Chain 2 , make double k st, fasten in next st, " 2 plain, 1 if between the next 2 k sts, repeat from * all the way around.

You will motice that the 2 ch and the 3 d c sts make 4 widenings in this row; repeat the alove row, always making 2 cll at the begiming of a row and 3 dc in 3 d c of last row, till there are to k sts, or 10 sts between widenings. In the next row begin to widen is times in a row, make 2 ch, then 5 double k sts, then widen between the 5 th and 6th st; repeat all way around.
kepeat the above row till there are 22 sts between widenings. In the next row legin to widen 16 times in a row. Wiven in usual way. Work II $k$ sts, and widen letween 1 ith and 12 th sts; repeat all way aromm. Repeat this last row till the shawl is the desired depth. Fasten in the colored wool, and begin the bordur thans: Make 8 ch and fasten back in the 30 ch with a sl st, 3 ch, and fasten to the next $k$ with sl st: repeat all the way around. In wivening in this row do so ly making 2 of these sts in one $\mathrm{k} s t$. This to be done 16 times, midway between widenings of previous rows. After finishing row. tie and clip wool. Fasten wool to a picot of last row. Make of (this to widen), fasten back in $q^{\text {th }} \mathrm{ch}$ with sl st. $\& \mathrm{ch}$, fasten to next st with sl st. Repeat all the way around; tie and clip wool. Fasten white wool to a picot. Now make the k sts the length of a ch st longer than those you made in the booly of shawl (this to wiflen). Work the next three rows plain. In the 5 th row widen 16 times in the usual way, only let the widenings come midway between those in previous rows. Make 1 or 2 mure rows plain, and begin the scallop edge thus: * Make I k st, ch 5. fasten loack in k with sl st. make 1 k st, and fasten down in the nsual way. Now make 2 double k sts, and fasten down in the usual way, and repeat from * all the way armmed. This will alternate 1 picot and 2 plain $k$ sts all the way around. Tie and clip wool. l'asten wool to a k st to left of a picot. * make a double k st, then 12 t c in the pieot, with I ch between $t c$, and fasten down to $k$ with sl st; repeat from * all the way aromed. Tie and clip wool. Fasten wool to k between shells. * Work a $k$ st like those in lofrder, fasten to first $t \mathrm{c}$ of shell with sl st, make 2 short $k$ sts, fasten to next te; repeat all the way atround shell. There should be 9 double $k$ sts in all. Work 1 long $k$ st and fasten to $k$ between shells, and repeat from * all the way aromm. Tie and clip wool. Fasten colored wool to a k between shells, and work around shell in short k sts.

The $k$ sts in body of shawl are about threerquarters of an inch long. If desired, they might be made ome inch long from the directions given.

## Auto Scarf

Materials.-Seven skeins twofold Saxony, and a medium. sized bone hook.
Begin with a chain of 87 stitches. Turn and work a d c in the 5 th st from the hook, $d \mathrm{c}$ in the next ch, then go back and work a d c in the ch st


Auto Scarf
before the first 2 d c , skip $1 \mathrm{ch}, 2 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$, then d c back in the skipped stitch. Repeat to the end of the row, making 29 groups of d c . Turn and ch 3 , and work a group over a group. Repeat this row until the scarf is the desired length. Crochet a row of shells across the sides-each of 3 d c into each row of the scarf.

Cut the fringe into 20 -inch lengths. Tie 3 strands into each group of d c and also between the groups. Knot 3 times, as seen in the illustration, beginning with 2 groups tied. Trim ends of the fringe to make it even.

This scarf measures 2 yards in length and i5 inches in width.

## Ladies' Slippers

Materials-Two skeins lark four-fly, wool, 2 skeins light, and short crochet-hook to correspond.
These slippers are small $\psi^{\prime s}$ in size and are worked in a stitch that cxactly resembles double knitting, and both sides being alike and the work solid and durable, it is admirably adapted for slippers, boots, afghans, etc.

Begin with the darkest shade; work a ch of I 4 . On this work a row of s c ; at the end ch $\mathbf{1}$, turn.
$2 d$ row-One d c in the first st, taking up both edges of the loop: * I ch, miss i, i d c in the next; repeat from*. Always work a ch at the end of the row. Increase a stitch in luegiming each row.
$3^{d}$ rou-One d c at the cage, I ch; work a d c in the $s e$ under the 1 ch st, in the first row, putting the hook right through the two sides of the st, I ch, a d c in the st under the next ch.

4th rou- The lightest shade, work in exactly the same manner, taking up the $d \mathrm{c}$ st of the second row.
$5^{\text {th }}$, Gth and $7^{\text {th }}$ raus-The darkest shade, so making the darkest shade work into the lightest, and vice versa, but always 3 rows of dark.

When you have 2 I sts, counting from the first row on your work, divide for the sides. Increase in the first and thind rows only on the ontside, and decrease in the same rows on the insile; work io ( c on each side, and 21 double rows; work a row less or more if necessary for any given size.

Knit Frill for the Edge.-Cast on 6 stitches.
ist rou-The needle into the st; wind the wool twice round the left needle, and over the first finger of that hand; knit the st then as usual. Knit back the row plain.

Knit 2 looped rows of the dark shade, I loop row of the light shade alternately, until you have enough to sew round the edge of the slipper.


## Auto Priscilla Hood

Materials. Wout 2 full ounces by weight of solid color an ${ }^{1}$ nearly $=$ ounces of trimming color for front; 3 yatds of $3^{12}$ inch ribton (satin is prettiest) for strings. IHack and cream, brown and cream, lirown and pink, or any preterred, combmation, can be usel Rather a fine bomk, about No. Iz or 13, to make each shell nearly or quite ? : inch square.
Take the crown color and chain 9 on which work 3 stars. Now work around and around, willening 3 stars at end, working one opposite each of the 3 on other side the chain, then 5 across the end. keeping the stars along the centre even witl the


Auto Priscilla Hoon
stars already in the centre as much as possible, and so go on, around and around, increasing finally where needful till the work is about - inches across the narrowest measurement, that is, from side to shle. Now work 5 rows in s e, increasing where needful to keep the work flat. Then two rows of star st. Then work two more rows of sc. lout do not increase: one of $d c$; one of $s c$; one of $d c$; and now you begin to decrease.
Ist row decrasc-Work the row in s c, taking every Sth and oth its together.
ad rou decrease- Double crochet, taking two together over every decrease in row below.

3 d row decruse-* Work 9 sts in se then miss 3 sts, and repeat from *.
the row diorcusi-* Work 15 sts, miss 3 sts, and repeat from * all aromnd. Any time the number of sts does nun come ont evern it does not mat. ter. Dreak ofif the wool.

Tou now work several rows tw make the front a little decper than the back. Mark the exact front, and also the loack, with a piece of colored wool or cotton. Begin about a third of the way past the middle of the lack, and work a s e in cach st. Break off.

Fur second short row begin alout half way between the front and back, or a tritte nearer the front: measure your work and if it is more than 22 or perhaps 23 inches whole width, if or 11 I- 2 inches in the half width. Which it probaldy will be, decrease at regular intervals, lint be particular to take the decreasings exactly over the decreases previously made at the front, so that the front may look fuller than the lack. If you do not get it decreased sufficiently in one row, work another the same way, hut begin it within a few incles of the front, and end at the same puint at the other side. The idea is to get the front of the crown fuller and longer at the front than at the hack. Break off the wool.

Front of Ifood.-Use the worl selected for the front. Make an easy chain, which when closed in a circle will be as large as the circle of the crown. Count and put a measure in the exact half of this circle: work on this chain ins s till yont come to the marked spot: put 2 sts in that spot, finish the rows as usual an! join. Work five more rows in this way. keepling the mark in place and always increasing a st as near mithle of front as possible. Foin the beginning and end of each row at the finish. Mark the end of last row.
ist shaping row-Slip st ower ahout 8 sts then make 2 loose ch, and make a 1 c in next and continne till yon have a $d \mathrm{c}$ in each of 10 sts; then s c through the 2 tnp lonps as nsual of cerery st till you come to the ISth st from the middle mark at the back; this will be the 2641 st from where you began the row. Work 10 d e to match thone at begiming. Turn.

2d shapiny ran at front-Make 2 ch, work the first 3 sts together as I st; then work 15 d e, always taking up looth top loops, go on with s e till there are if sts left on other side; then work is d c and take the last 3 sts as one st.

3 d row-Talie the first 3 sts together: work 20 (f c, 3 s e and sl st: break off the wool: work the other side the same way. lon may hegin at the end of row.
$4^{\text {the }}$ row-Work in the same manner, hut only work io d c instead of 20.
$5^{\text {th }}$ row-Fasten on as usual, taking 3 sts as one,
work 20 dc ; work in sc across till there are 23 sts left; fuish the row as you began it.

6th row-Begin as usual, work $25 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c} ; 3 \mathrm{sc}, 1 \mathrm{sl}$ st and break off, drawing the wool through the st, to fasten it. Do the other side the same way.
$7^{\text {th }}$ row-Begin as usual, taking 3 together, work 25 kl c, work in s c till you have 28 sts left. Work 25 d c , then take 3 together.

Note.-In working over the ends of the short


Lalies' Jacket
rows, it may be fomm well th work quite over them into the row below. It does not matter so that they are neat.

Front Turnover.-Wrork evenly in star st all across the row just done, allowing 2 sts io every star.
Return roa-Work 2 s e over every star in the return row. In working the s c in the return row, it is as well to only take the front loop of the star in I st and put the other into the hole in the centre of star. It looks a little better on the right side. Work this star row and s e return row till you have altogether 9 rows of star stitch with a row of $s$ e between. Break off and fasten in the end of wool at the end of the star stitch row with-
out working the row of $\mathrm{s} c$ : run in the end.
Put the front and crown together, seeing that the middle mark of front crown part is to the middle mark of front part, and that they are also even at the back; also be careful to so arrange them that the turnover will turn over and show on the right side of cap. If there is any spare fulness put it towards the front, near the top. Crochet them together, on the wrong side; if, when finished, the crown seems likely to be too large, run in a double strand of wool and tie to size.

Then crochet a tiny flat scallop of 3 d c to a scallop with a s c between scallops, and arranged so that they are neither full nor tight. In the model a sc was in the centre of one star, the 3 dc in the centre of the next, a s c in the centre of the next, and so on. Around the back they were arrangect to suit. Remember the back of the hood must have the final row put so that it is right side out, and you must begin again to have the final row of front, right side out.

Draw in all ends, and arrange ribbon. In the model ahout 26 inches were marked off, a single tie made in the middle of it, and it was arranged along the back, and the remainder cut off. This remainder was cut into two strings which were arranged with a single bow, fastened at the junction of crown and front, and brought down across the ends of the back ribbon, and fastened.

Note.-The front of the cap can be put back, or forward, however, and the strings arranged accordingly. For cold trips it would be better if made to fit suugly.

## Ladies' Jacket

For wearing under a raincoat this tight-fitting jucket is most desirable. The special points to which I wish to call your attention are-the absence of plaits and belt, the collarless effect at throat, the tight-fitting back, and absence of underarm seams. A medium-weight yarn and a firm, tight stitch, and small bone hook, are the most desirable in making a shaped jacket, as a loose, dimsy stitch would make a practically shapeless garment. For that reason crazy-stitch and Shetland floss were selected. The body color is light gray with red trimmings.

Materials used: One box light gray Shetland hoss and one skein of red. The garment measures as follows when completed, holding the work slack as measured. If stretched out it would measure several inches more in width, but not a material difference in length. Waist-27 inches. Hips32 inches. Bust-36 inches. Back-i7 inclies long; is inches wide between shoulders. Shoulder seam-5 inches. Front-it inches long from neck, and 9 inches wide through the fulness. Sleeve22 inches length of top arm, if inches under arm,

17 inches at widest point, and $81-2$ inches at wrist. Having these dimensions given it will be easy for any one to measure herself and make changes in the work to correspond. Kemembering that the work will stretch several inches in width, it will therefore fit a 37 or 38 bust, but will not stretel in length.

Commencing at the waist line, chain 219 worked tight, turn and work 3 d c in ch + from the hook; skip 3 ch sts and 5 C into ch 4 . ch $2,3 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{e}$ into ch where sc was made. Skip 3 ch sts and $s$ ce into ch 4 ; repeat until you have 54 groups. (hain 3 , turn and work 3 d e into $\mathrm{c} e \mathrm{af}$ liast row where ch 3 seems to start from, catch by s c into top of next group and ch 2 , make 311 cinto the opening mate between ch 2 and the 3 l c of gronp; catch by sc into top of next groty and repeat to end of rows. Work 4 rows without wiflening, tum and work 15 groups on $5^{\text {th }}$ row; widen in loth group by working a shell of 2 d c, ch $2,2 \mathrm{~d}$ c, into opening where you lave been making the orlinary groups. This is the method by which crazy-stitch is witened, and is to be followed when directions say widen. After widening, work 32 grouns, widen, 15 grotess. This widening divides the jacket into fronts and back. Widen under arm every fth row: that is, work 3 rows without widening, then widen in the row, being particular to kect places of wikening right over each? other. Widen 5 times nunder each arm (widening every fth row). Then you come to the I 3th row, work 5 groups from outside ellge. widen in 6th, 5 groups, widen in Gth, 7 groups. widen under arm, work across back, widen mulet arm, 7 groups, widen in next, 5 groups, witen, 5 grouts, which brings you to front edge if your work has been done correctly. The Ifth row is plain clear acrose. Widen at points in fromt on 15th row, wotking 6 groups, wilen, 1 groups, witen. This ends the widening in fronts. Ifter the widening monder arm in 21 st row, work 9 rows across plain. Turn and work io rows of is groups each across one front; on ith row witen at armlole: reth row plain. We are now connting the rows from tst short row. In the $3^{\text {th }}$ row the narrow ing begins. Work 9 groups from front ulge, when catching flown gth group, catch into top, of 2 groups monderneath at once and work a s c, + groups, and catch as before into top of next 2 groups by is c, making the is c connect both groups, work 4 groups to armhole. Narrow again in the row, which will be the 1 thth row, at both points. In 5 th row fron other widening at armhole, widen again. Then you have worked 50 rows, counting from base line. drop out 4 groups at front etge for neek. Now, beginning with this short row to count.
ad row-Turn and work back to armhole, widen at armiole.

3 d row-Turn and work back to neck.
$4^{\text {th }}$ row-Chain 3 , and insteal of working group in s c, catch by s c into top of group where next group is to be male, thus dropping off the a group at edge of neck. Work back to armhole.

5th and oth roa's atre plain.
$7^{\text {th }}$ row-Leave off I group at shoulder seam, turn.
Sth row-Leave off I group, at beginning of row at neck, working \& grosps lack to shoulder seam. Break wool.
yth row-Turn and tic wool in 2d group, work 6 groups to neck.
soth roa-Turn and work 4 groups, break wool.
IIth row-Two gromps at neck point. When you bave finished one front work the other in the same manner, leaving off groups at neck and armholes to correspond to first side made.

The back is then worked as follows: Tie wool in top of the group froms front at armhole, working acrosis to other armbole, leaving off 3 groups there also. Chain 3 , turn and leave off ist group, work to end of row, turn, and leaving off rst group work to end of row, keaving off last group. The same is donc at ends of next row, when your back should be 26 groups wike. Work 23 plain rows, widen at each end of 24 th; 25 th row is plain. Leave ofi one group at shothter seam every 3 rows until only ${ }^{\circ}$ groups are left. This finishes the loody of the jacket. The skirt is made by working 1.3 rows of crazy-stitcl in gray, widening in 3 d row at two points, front and hack of hips, thas: Widen in the roth group from the front edge, and in the roth group from that, working across skirt to 2oth group from other iront, widen in the 2oth group. Work 9 groups and widen in toth, work 9 groups, which should bring you to front edge.

The sleere is begun at the lup with the gray wool. Chain 52, on which make 13 sroups: ch 3 , turn and wilen at beginning and end of row: Widen at each
 24 th rows: work 25 th row plain, which brings the work to the tinder-arm extension. It is now i6 inches across and $61-2$ inches deep. Chain 11 , turn and work 2 groups on the chain just made, which brings you to the row of gromp, work across this and at end of row ch 11 , turn and proceed as before. Work of rows across plain, then decrease one at end of next row. Counting the row just made as one, work 6 rows withont decreasing, then turn and leave off 1 gromp at each end. Counting this, last row, work 6 rows again, then narrow and work 6 ruws more, narrow and work 6 rows more. Then narrow anl wotk + rows, always connting the row as one in which you leave off the groups at ends. Work 3 groups of 4 rows rach. So continte to leave off 1 group at each end until you have only 16 groups. Work 5 rows of 18 groups, which should complete 75 rows. Tie in
the red wool and work 8 rows red, then 4 rows gray, i row red.

The sleeves now being finished, sew up the seam on the wrong side, fitting the jagged edges into each other, which if done carefully will make a perfectly flat seam. The shoulder seams should


Ladies' Cape
be joined in like mamer. The sleeves are to be sewed in by joining t:nder-arm points and sewing without any fulness until at point at top, where all the fulness should be gathered into about 5 inehes.

To give the jacket a double-breasted effect, tie in the gray at lowest point of front on one side.
and at the neck on the other, to make the row wrong side out; work row of groups to other end of front, turn and work a row of groups to waist line, turn and work a row, leaving off last 2 groups, turn and work to end of row, leaving off 2 groups, continue until you have 7 rows, leaving off 2 groups at end of each row. The yth row will have about 16 groups. Around the whole jacket now work a row of red.

If it is desired a loose straight front may be made by changing the row in which the widening is done in the front. Instead of widening in the $3^{\text {th }}$ and $f^{\text {th }}$ rows, widen in the $2 d$ and 3 d rows, which throws the fulness lower down, leaving out the widening in the $13^{\text {th }}$ and 14 th rows, and crocheting the front plain until directions say narrow.

## Ladies' Cape

Materials.-Fleven skeins of lavender Shetiand floss, 7 yards of ribbon, and a medium-sized bone crochet-hook.

The yoke is made first. It is formed of six sections joined. For one section begin with a chain of 15. turn and make $4+$ half-loubles ( h 1 de ) on the ch. Work 23 rows of h de for ane section, widening I st in each row by working a stitch in the base of the 3 ch at the begimning of each row. Take up the sts at the back. Make six of the sections and join by chaining 6, fasten by single erochet to the corner of a section, ch 6 , fasten in second section, and continue the el 6 back and forth until the sections are joined. Fasten wool at the front corner of the yoke at lower edge, ch 3 . skip 2 sts, in the next st work a shell of $2 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{ch} 2,2 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$, and repeat the shells in every 3 d st across the front section. On the shoulder sections work a shell in every alternate st and in the back sections in every $3 d$ st. For the next row ch 3, turn, and work a shell in a shell across the yoke. Repeat this row until the cape is 27 rows deep. If the neck seems large, work a row of $s$ c quite tight to draw it in. Work a row of treble erochet with 2 ch between, all around the eape through which to run the ribbon.

For the border, begin at the lower corner and work a row of shells of 6 tc each and fasten by s c between, across the bottom. Work another row of shells, placing a shell in the middle of the shell beneath, and $d \mathrm{e}$ in each s e between the shells. The next row is of shells, each having $S \mathrm{t} e$ and se between, and is worked all aromd the cape. Finish the edge with chains of 3 fastened into every stitch of the last shell row. Run the ribbon through the open spaces of the yoke, ending each strip with a loop and end. Also run the ribbon through the spaees around the cape, and through the neck spaces, leaving the ends long enough to tie.

## Shatwl

Materials.- Fourteen or fifteen bembe of Sletland floss for a shawl $1^{1} 2$ yards square. Medium-sized bone crochet-hook. Ist rout-o one short chest, * i long ell st made by frawing ont the st on the hook until it is about


Detail of Shawt
I-2 inch long before drawing the wool through it. i short ch st, s e back into the short ch st at begimning. * Kepeat from * to * twice more; then 1 long ch st, I d c into same st with the 3 sc . Nake this a c rather loosely, so that it will erual in length the long ch st. These four points are the leginning of the four corners of the shawl.

2d roa-one long ch st, il $c$ of expal length back into tite top of the ol e made at cond of first row. It is important that the hook be inserted in exactly the same place each time at this corner of the work, so that the conner where eath row is commenced will look as nearly like the others as possilhe. lnsert it straight through the st at top of d c with two threads in front of the lookl. * Now make 1 \& $c$ forward into top wf next point. At these points be careful to have the hook placed under the two uppor threads of the short ch st, that is, the twa that come thrometh the long ch st leaving the one that was drawn throngh it working the short ch st, belaa the hook. This keeps the long da sts at corners turned flat thronghont the work. making them look mone nearly like the other part of the work than they womle do if the hook were inserted straight throngle the short st from iront to baci, instead of muler it as dencribed.

Ifter working of e work 1 lomge ch st, so in same st with d c. Now wiblen at corner log working I long ch st. I short ch st, I lonse ch st, sce in stme st with last $s$ c ; 1 lomg ch st. I c lagek into st with sc,* requeat from * to * twice more: il c furwarl into fast corner, inserting hook in same place where it was inserter in making the first d c of this row, i long ch st, ol $c$ in same place.

Bd row-sime as 2 , making tado points between the corners instead of one as in 21 row, and wifcning at each corner sane as in last row.

Be careful to make the long chests and $d \mathrm{c}$ of
equal lengtl. Each row is now marle in same way, increasing one point on eacli side between the corners. Thare will be one point between corners of 2 l row, 2 points in 3 row, 3 in fth row and so 0 n .

Burier.-When shawl is as large as desired, make border as follows:

Ist roa-Three ch, sce in centre of point, 3 ch . c in next point, repeat.
2d roa-Twn il e made low working off first until


SHAWL
there are two threats left on hook, then work the wher d c , working wif 2 threads at a time until ali are worked off. This closes the 2 dc into 1 st at top; i ch, 2 de worked as before, knot stitch made by drawing out the stitch on hook nearly $1-2$ inch in length, then working as cloctween the st
and the wool just drawn through it, repeat, working a shell in each s c, and working 3 clusters of d c in shells on corners. Work 5 rows of shells, widening sufficiently at corners.

For shells on edge work 6 long, loose do with t ch between each, ch I, s c in next shell, ch I, repeat in next shell and around shawl, working scallop in every alternate shell.

For cdge-Chain 2 loosely, s e under first i ch of scallop, ch $2, \mathrm{~s}$ c in next i ch, repeat. After last
piece of staple work, put hook through hirst 5 loops, fasten with s c , single k s , fasten in next k s , in row with $s \mathrm{c}$, single k s , take next 5 loops in lace, fasten with sc, repeat across strip. All the pieces of lace are crocheted together the same way and at the ends should there be a loop too many or not quite enough take up more or not so many, as the case may be; it will not be noticed when finished and saves counting.

The border requires two strips of lace long enough to go twice around the shawl and is made as follows: Crochet four rows of k s all around shawl, taking up 5 loops on the lace and keeping as near as you can to the same distance between stitches across the ends of the first row around, always widening at the corners (so that the work will be kept flat and not draw) by adding more k s and taking from 6 to 8 loops in the lace.

5th row in border.-Work a single $k s$, fasten to lace by taking up 5 loops, fasten with sc , * single $k \mathrm{~s}$, fasten in border, $k$ s with s c, single $k$ s, take 5 loops, fasten with sc* repeat around widening at corner.
oth roun--Fasten wool in 5 loops on lorder, work single $k s$, fasten with $s c$ in 5 loops of lace, work single $k$ s, take 5 loops in border, single k s, 5 hoops in lace: repeat around border
jth roun.-One row k s all around.
Sth row.-One s c in k s between loops, work a shell
sc, which should be under the ch just before the s c in shell between scallops, s c under next i ch before begiming loops around next scallop.

## Shawl in Staple Crochet and Knot Stitch

Materinls.-Four skeins Shetland floss; wire staple 7 inches long, 1 inches wide, which can be made from the bail of a lard pail: cruchet-hook.
Make 9 pieces of staple lace, each 1 yard long. Ist row.-Take I strip, fasten wool in first 5 loops, * work a group of knot stitch ( k s ), fasten with s c in next 5 loops, * repeat across row.
ad row.-Turn, work a row of k s across strip.
3d row.-Turn, same as ad row.
4th roze-Same as al row.
5th row.-Turn, work a single k s, take a second
in $k$, between next two loops consisting of seven long tr with 3 ch between each tr fastened in tr st to form a picot. Repeat around border, making shells to come between loops. Join lacework ends neatly with needle and wool.

## Ladies' Shawl

Materials.-Twenty skeins cream-white Germantown zephyr for the body of shawl, z skeins of Saxony for the border. $7^{1 \frac{1}{2}}$ yards 1 -inch satin ribbon, and a medium-sized crocliethook.
Begin the shawl at the lower corner with a chain of 5 stitches, join with a slip stitch. In the ring work a shell of $5 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{ch} 4$, shell of 5 dc in the first st of the 4 ch , fasten with $s c$ in the middle of the shell beneath, shell of 5 dc in last st of the shell be-
neath. Chain 2, turn and work a shell of 5 d c into the middle st of last shell, fasten with scbetween the 2 shells of the last row, shell of 5 if e into middle of next shell. This finishes the first 3 rows. Chain 4 , turn, shell into first st of the ch, fasten into middle


Ladies' Shawl
of first shell with se . shell between the first 2 shells of previons row, fasten into midlle of shell with $\mathrm{s} c$, shell into last st of the last shell. For sth $^{\text {th }}$ row. Chain 2, turn, shell into midhe of last shell of fth row, fasten between shells, shell into midlle of next shell, fasten between shells, shell into middle of next shell, fasten into last st of the last shell of 4 th row.

The remainder of the body of the shawl is a repetition of the $4^{t h}$ and 5 th rows. It will be seen that there is a widening of one shell in every alternate row. ln one row the shells are placed be-
tween shells of the previous row, and the following row has the shells on top of shells of previous row. The widening is in the rows where shells come between shells. This gives the boly of the shawl the flated effect.

For the border.-Begin at the right corner of the top of the shawl with a ch of (6, skip 2 stitches on the edge, $\operatorname{tr} \mathrm{C}$ (treble erochet) in the next st, eh 2, skip 2 stitches, $\operatorname{tr} \mathrm{c}$ in the next, and repeat all around the shawl. This makes the open spaces through which to run the ribhon.

Work the openwork hontier cross the 2 sides. Begin at the left corner of the top), * Chain G, fasten with s c in ch 2 beneath, repeat from * across the 2 sides, widening at the lower enmer so the work will be plenty full enongh. Repeat this mow 7 times, fastening chain in a chain. The oth row is same as the other rows except the chain has 7 stitches. This finishes the border for the sides.

Begin at the right conner of the top at the outer corner of the openwork boriler, shell of ( $3 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}, 2 \mathrm{tr}$ c, $3 \mathrm{~d} c$ ), fasten with s c into next open space. Repeat these shells across the top of the shawt.

Run the ribbon through the open spaces and place a bow at each corner of the shawl, as seen in the illustration.

This shawl measures 2 yards across the upper edge and I yard deep.

## Slumber Slippers

These slippers are crocheted with a medium-sized hook and fourfold dicmantown wool. To give a very soft kind of work, No. 7 or $\&$ how may be used; but this is inclined to be tom thin when washed. Ahont 9 or so is hetter. Shout three ambees of wool will he needel.

Make an easy chain about 1) inches long. Work in every stitch in single eruchet.

2d roab-Make 1 chain to turn; work a single crochet in back loop of every stitch. Repeat this second row mutil you have a kength of eighteen inches, no more, for an ordinary grown-up foot. Now, sew or crochet very softly and evenly the two siles of the work together: then lay the work perfectly flat amb double, so that there are exactly the same number of rows on one site of the end seam as there are on the other. Now sew or crochet the edges very softly together so that you have a nineinch deep lag. Crochet a row of single crochet around the top, then a round of holes, then a tiny edge or scallop.

Nake a good substantial chain to run through holes, and add tassels, or instead of chain add a rubber which fits the ankle eacily, and put a ribbon bow in front, exactly opposite the seam at lack.

The slipper is put on the foot with the end of front seam up to the toes; the other end comes under the heel.

## Fascinator

Matertals.-Four balls of white ice wool and a medium conarse bone crochethouk.

The body of the fuscinator is in cross treble (c t) stitch. Sexim at one edge with a chain of 150 sts.


FASCINATOR

Wool over twice as in tr $c$, insert book in the 5th ch from the look and take a st, over, and skipping 2 ch take a st in the next, then work off all the sts on the hook two at a time; ch 2 and make a d e, then 2 sts at the mildle of the $\mathrm{c} t$. This makes I ct. For the next e t, over twice as before, take a st at the base of the first $i$ it in the same st, and finish same as the first. Repeat the e t across the row, ending the row with a $t$ c in the last st of the ch; ch 4 , turn, and make act over each ct of the first row. Repeat the rows until the work is a perfect square.

For the border.-Chain 4 . make a ring by wrapping wool 3 times around the thamb of left hand. insert the hook throngh the loops and make tight s $c$. ch 3 , $s$ c in next o $t$, another ring, and repeat the rings around the fascinatur, placing them closer at the corners, and join the last to the first. The next 2 rows are of koot stitch, miking a knot in each ring. ansl for the next row placing a knot in a knot. The next row is riugs. Make a ${ }^{*} \mathrm{~s}$ c each side of the first knot, then a ring, ch 3, and repeat from * around the fascinator, making extra rings at the corners. Make the next row of knot stitch same as the second row, then another row of rings same as second ring row, then another row of knot stitch. For the next row, ch 7 . fasten by a $s c$ each sible of the first knot.
ch 7 , and repeat around the fascinator. For the next row ch 7 , and fasten by s c in the middle st of the 7 ch in last row, and repeat. For the last row, * ch $7 . \mathrm{s}$ c in the middle of 7 ch , ch 5 and fasten in same st as the 7 ch , and repeat from *. The border has io rows. When finished the fascinator measures one yard square.

## Ladies' Fascinator in Staple Work

Made on a three-inch staple of blue Shetland Hoss, two skeins being required. Draw wool through enongh loops to lay in a smooth circle, then half as many more, it taking ios loops in this design. Tie tightly and fasten ends. The $2 d$ strip is joincd to centre by drawing 2 loops of centre through $f$ of strip, then through 2 of centre. Double a strip of five yards in the centre, draw wool through 40 loops and tie tightly. Join strip together by working 1 ch and catching by s c into 3 loops, first on one side, then the other. After working one yard together in this way, fasten wool and separate strips and join each to centre in opposite direction, one by 3 loops of centre to 4 of strip to make full for the front, the other by 3 to 3 for the back, joining strips logether where they meet as before and drawing wool through to loops at end when string is even in length with first. This last row joining to crown should be looped through


Lajies' Fascinator in Staple Work
as in previous two rows. Aroumd the entire edge crochet two rows of knot stitch as a finish. Use any trimming you may like. This design is finished with rosettes in baby ribbon and wool.

## Circular Shawl

Materials - One ponnd or more, accoring to size lesirent, of cream-white Shetland Huss. A medimm-sized bonce crochelhook.
Chain + and join in a circle.
ist rou-Chain 3, I de in circle. Now work a knot-stitch by drawing out the st that is on the hook about 1-3 inch in length. Wool over and draw through. Then work a s c rather closely


Circular Shawl
in front of the long stitch and under the thread drawn through it. This completes a $k$ st. Work a cluster of 2 d c in circle in this way: Wool over and insert hook in circle, wool over and itraw through, making 3 sts on the hook. Wool over and draw through 2 sts. Now, leaving 2 st. on hook, wool orer and again insert hook in circle, wool over and draw through, naking $f$ sts on hook, wool over and draw through 2 sts, wool over and draw through the 3 remaining sts. This completes a cluster of 2 d 0 which, alternately with a $k$ st is used throughout the work; * I k st, cluster of 2 dc matle as beiore. * Repeat until there are $8 k$ sts. Inin 8 th $k$ st to $3 d$ of 3 ch at legiming of row.

2d roa-Chain $3, d \mathrm{c}$ in top of next 1 c, I k st, cluster of 2 de (worked as loefore) in same st with d c just made. ik st, miss $k$ st in last row and work cluster of 211 c in top of nest cluster. When inserting the hook in the top, of cluster put it not muly under the 2 threads of st cirectly on thp, hut abow under the back thread of the st lying directly blow.
and which is twsted, or flathened. This makes 3 threals ahove the hook and the hook is passed Through the flat st. be careful to do this through. out the work, as it gives the row's of de radiating from centre to lorder of shawl a twisted, or cable appearance. Knot st, claster of 2 d cin same place. * $k$ st, 2 clunters of $2 d \mathrm{c}$ separated by a $k$ st in top of next cluster (made as described above).* Repeat from * to * armund work. This row has been widened by working the 2 clusters in each cluster of last row, thus doubling the number of chusters and $k$ sts: join last $k$ st to 3 ch as before.

3d roz-Chain 3. de in nest I c, kst, * cluster of 2 d c in mext $k$ st, $k$ st, chester of 2 d c in next cluster, $k$ st, cluster of 211 e in next chuster, $k$ st, repeat foom * around work, ending with a $k$ st joined to 3 ch at lexginning.
$f^{\text {th }}$ rou-lhegiming as in csery row with 3 ch and d c . Work k sts and clusters of 2 d c altemately, wilening of times lay putting z chusters, separated by a $k$ st, in each of the 8 chunters that were worked in $k$ sts in last row. Cimstinue the work in this way, widening in 8 phaces in each row.

In adi, th $^{\text {th }}$. oth. and all eren rows the widenings are male herting 2 chasturs of of c in one cluster of the last row, while in the $3^{3}, 5^{5}$ th. ght $^{2}$, and all odd rones the extra cluster is put in the k st that sepmates those two clusters in last row. Keep the widenings in a straight line. Where each row is commenced with 3 ch and a $d \mathrm{c}$, make this part to rescmble the clusters of il c as closely as pasihe, so the rows will look alike.

When the hody of shaw is of the desired size, work the border as follows: One il ec in top of chaster


Detall, OF Cirt L'LaR SHAWL
of 2 dc in last row, $k$ st, shell of $2 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}, \quad 1 \mathrm{ch}, 2$ d c, in next cluster of 2 d c in last row, k st, i d c in next cluster, $k$ st, shell in next, and so on, alternating shells and I d c with the k sts between.

The first three rows are worked alike. Then work four more in the same way except that there are 2 ch in centre of each shell instead of I ch. This widens the border slightly.

In the Sth roze work a scallop of 6 lonse de separated by I ch. in a shell of last row, * I ch, 5 c in top of id e of last row, 1 ch, scallop in next shell. repeat from *.

For the dode, legiming with se under the i ch just before the so between 2 scallops, s e umber next 1 ch. ch 2 loosely, s e under first space between de of scallop, repeat around scallop ending with a se unler 1 ch just lefore the $s$ e letween scallops in last row. Now work the next s c unter the 1 ch hefore next scallop and repeat the loops wif 2 ch around cach scallop but work the 2 s c between scallops, without any ch between.

## Silk Slippers with Wool Lining

The lining of this slipper is made of four-fold zephyr in the ordinary se ribbed slipper stiteh and repurites about $\&$ laps. Commence with a row of 20 s c , ch 2 , turn and taking up back st work 9 se .


Shle Sheper yith Wool Lixing
widen in Ioth hy putting 3 s c into it, 10 S c , ch 2 , turn and work hack and forth, widen in centre every other row, and taking up back st, which makes the ribs, until you have 12 ribs: turn and work 20 s c lack and fortlo tutil the strip will meet aromd the sole. Join together at side and toe, and sew to sole by overcasting it on the right sille.

The outsifle is of whecls and made of machine twist, Size F. and takes a one-ounce spool. Wind the silk aromal the end of an ordinary lead peneil 10 times. Slip it off carefully and inth this ring work 2 rows if $2+5$ e each. Around this work 12 lomps of 5 ch st cach, skipping is e and catching into next by se.

To join ahteels.-Work one entire wheel and the
next all but the ch st loops, ch 2 , eatch into loop of Ist wheel by se, ch 3 , back into unfinished wheel by s e, skipping is c, ch 2 , catch into next loop of Ist wheel, ch 2, back into unfinished wheel by sc, skipping s c. Finish wheel by working io loops. In this manner work a strip of wheels to go around slipper, next to sole, and join tngether. Work a wheel and join to strip by + loops to the 4 loops of any one whee of strip, and by 2 loops to first 2 loops of each of the whecls on either side of the one just joined to, which forms the centre toe This makes the siipper stand up from the sole, and gives it a better shape. This leaves + free loops on last wheel made, also 2 free loops on wheel at either side. The wheels now are joined to this strip across the toe in rows of 2 , then 3 , then 4 , then 5 , in this manner. Work one wheel all but the loops of ch sts, join by 2 loops to 2 loops of $2 d$ wheel from centre wheel of strip, tw 2 free loops of wheel next to centre, and to 2 loops of the + loops of centre wheel, finish wheel by working 6 free loops. Join another whel in like manner, by 2 loops to this last wheel marle, 2 liops to 2 free loops of centre wheel, 2 loops to 1 st wheel from centre, and 2 to first 2 loops of 24 wheel from centre, finish by working 6 free loops. Next join the 3 wheels in same manner, then $f$ and then 5 . This completes the toe. The strip around the back is 3 wheels deep. comnting the row already made. In making the rither rows join wheels as you work them by 2 loops to each other and $f$ to the bottom strip, so that the wheels will rest over the joining of wheels below, which is done ley eatching into 2 last loops of the one whed and the two first of the next.

Finish the top with an hour-glass design to run the riblon throngh as follows: Tie wool in ad loop of wheel, ch $6, \mathrm{~d}$ c in next lonp, ch 3 , wool over the hooks 3 times, catch into last loop of wheel and draw wool through, wool over, draw through 2 sts, wool over, hraw through 2 more, wool over twice, catch into ist loop of next whecl. wool over, draw through 2 sts at a time till all are off, ch 3. wool over, eatch in st at centre where all parts seem to join, work de ch $3,11 \mathrm{c}$ in 21 lonp and repeat. This same edge is worked aroumal the botom to sew on by, only wool is thrown over the hook but twice at beginning of hour-glass, and is canght in loops ly s c instead of $\mathrm{d} c$.

The frill is just a full ruffle of ch sts, 5 long-drawn-nut ch leing in each lomp. and 3 loops put into cach opening. The 24 row is the same, chain 5 and catch into the top of loops of preceding row hy sc: a silk edge is then worked around in same manner with same number of sts. The frill and row for riblom is made of two-fohd zephyr and one lap is requiterl. Run in No. 2 satin rilhon of the same shate as the wool lining. Fasten with a bow.

## Scarf

Material required, ahout io skeins Shetland flons and a medinmsized bone eruchet-houk.
Nake a chain of length denitel for width of scarf.

Ist rout.-Two d cin 3 d st from hook. Shell of 3 de in every 3 d st of chain, I $d \mathrm{c}$ at end to keep the edge straight, ch 3, turn.


SCARF
ed roan is the familiar star stitch. Work ist star as follows: insert the hook in int one of 3 ch (the one next the work), (Jraw woul harough rather loosty and keeping it on the homk, insert hook in loack loop of stitch at top of a c on edge. draw wool through loosely as hefore and repeat in eath if e of shell, taking up back foop each time. There will be 6 hoops on the hook. Wool over and draw through all, then make a tight ch st which

Closes star. To make next star, take up first loop nuder one threal just below the "eye" of last star, second one in loop just below this one (where last loop of the other star was made), and the other three across the top, of shell as before. Finish this star by closing with at tight ch st as before. The loops should be drawn out to erpal lengths and loosely make. After clusing star with ch st, Iraw the st out rather lonsely on hook hefore taking up hops for next star or the work will draw. Work a d c at end of row as lefore, ch 3 , turn.

3 d roan- Shell of 31 c in each star, putting it in eye of star, 1 c at cind.
the row.-Star stitch.
5th row.-Shells, and so om, alternating these two rows until of reanirel lensth, keeping edges straight with if c and 3 ch at ends.


Detail of Scarf

To make salloped adtes.-lieginning with a s c at ent, ch 2, 2 d c hack into same st with © e es c on culge of scarf just far chough from the first s c to make the small pointed scallop lie flat, ch $2,24 \mathrm{c}$ back into same st with last $s$ c. fitsten duwn on edge with $s$ e as before, repeat to end.

To finish conds of scatlf.- ( hain 2, se in first space between shells, ch 2 。se in mext space, repeat. This makes a foundation for fringe.

For heoding of fringe.-Make 2 d c in each space actuss ends, working them as follows: Work off the first $d \mathrm{c}$ until there are 2 stitches left on hook, then instath of finishing in the usual mamer, wod over and work another il c in same phace, working off 2 thereals at a time metil all ate worked off. This closes the 2 dc intu I st at top, $2 \mathrm{ch}, 2 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$ in next space. repeat.
For fringe.- IVrap Shetland floss around a card of suitable size six times, cut and with the ends held evenly together, draw low throush space on end of scarf, then draw ends through loop and pull down close.

## Golf Vest

Materimes. - Two hanks of Scotel wool, i roll of braid for binding, $1 / 4$ of a yard of silk for facing the fronts, 10 small brass buttons. 2 balls of crochet silk for working, and $1 / 4$ of a yard of broad crinkle-edge elastic, 1 long crochethook about the size of a No. 13 bone knitting-needle, 1 spool of twist.

Make a ch of 35 sts, turn, and putting the hook into the all st, put wool over and draw it through the st. Keeping the st on the hook, continne to


Golf Vest
the end of the ch until there are 34 sts on the hook. Now put the wool over and draw back through one st. Put wool over and draw back through the st just formed and the one next on the hook. Continue to the end of the row. This makes the regular afghan-stitch with which most persons are familiar. It will be seen that to make one complete rib) requires crocheting twice across, so, to simplify the directions, we will speak of narrowing and widening by ribs rather than rows.

Having started with $3 t$ sts on the hook and crocheting twice across to form one rib, now widen every secoml rib at eath end for four times. This gives 8 ribs. Work 22 ribs without wilening. Now widsn ist at both conds of ribevery $3 d$ rib for four times. Crochet 27 ribs straight.

This brings the work to the shonller.
Take one-third of the stitches for one shonlder, bind off one-third for the neck, and crochet on the next third for the other shoukter. (rochet 8 ribs straight, then widen on the front edge every 3 l rib I st for five times. Now widen both front and
back edges a st every other ribs seven times, or 14 ribs. Nake a ch of 12 sts on the back edge and take up io sts as at the begiming of the work. This gives the under-arm extension. Widen every rib on the front edge for 18 ribs, crocheting straight on the back. Work one rib without widening. Then, on the elige of the riglt side of the vest, after crocheting the first 2 sts, make a ch of 2 sts between the 211 and 301 sts to make a little opening for the buttonhole. Narrow on the front edge I st every 31 rib, and make ch for the buttonhole after every 6 th rib. Do this for 22 ribs. Now bind off 21 sts from the under-arm seam, and beginning to crochet from the 2201 st narrow i on the front every $3 d$ rib, crochet back to within I st of the back edge every rib. Do this for 6 ribs, remembering to make the buttonhole where it should come in reference to the others. Bind off. This completes the front. Take up stitches on the opposite shoukler and crochet the other front to correspond. Sew up the vest at the muler-arm seams. To work the stars use knitting silk. On colored or white vest two cross-stitches of black and two of yellow make a pretty combination. Under the buttonholes place a narrow stay of musiin. Underface the fronts with bias silk or satin. Work the buttonholes with twist. It is well before binding the fronts and armholes to overcast the edges with the wool, to prevent stretching in hinding. It is also well to hold the edges rather full in binding and to note the measurements given below. Underface the lower edge of the back with a flat elastic band. Finish with two rows of small buttons.

Neck measure, 31 inches; armhole, 17 inches; length of front, 7 inches.

## Lady's Kimono

Materials. - Ten ckeinc of white and 2 of black Saxony, $4^{\%}$ yards of No. + rbbon, and a medium-sized bone hook.

Pegin at the neck with a chain of 107 stitches. Beginning in the 24 st from the lonok, make a single crochet in each st of the ch. For the next row ch 1, turn, and make as ce in each s of the ist row, taking the st through foth sts beneath. For the 3 d row, ch 2, turn, and make a puff in each se of 201 row. To make the puff, threat over as for de, take a st through the $s c$, threal over, take another st in the same place, threal over and take another st in the same place, then draw threal through all the sts on the hook and fasten ly a s c. For the next row, ch 1 , tum, make a s c between each 2 puffs. ami to widen make 2 s c in every roth space. The next row is the same as the zal. The body of the kimono is a repetition of the row of puffs and the 2 rows of $s c$ alternating, and widening in the
first of the 2 rows of $s c$, same as in the fth row. llork until there are is rows of puffs. For the rst row of the border. ch 4 . make a puff between the ed and 3 , pults, ch 1 , pulf in the spaceobetween the fth and 5 th puffs, and finish the row, skipping 2 pulfs after each 1 ch. Break the thread. Bessin with the black at the same corner as the prevons row, ch t. puff in each space beneath, break the thread. Nake another row of white. one wf hack, and another of white same as the lath row. The last 3 rows extend across the bottom of the kimono.

The onter border is marle separate and sewed on, all around the kimono. It is made thas: Chain 12 sts. Make 21 c in the 5 th from the loook, ch 1 , $2 \mathrm{~d} c$ in the same place, ch 3 , skip 3 sts. faston in the next by s c゙, skip 2 ch, 2 (l é in the next. ch 1.2 (1 c in the satme place ch 5. thrn, 210 between the two groups of 1 c , ch 3 . fasten in top of next al e by $s \mathrm{c}$; then shell of $2 \mathrm{dc}, 1 \mathrm{ch}, 2 \mathrm{de}$ in the ch 1 , cha i .

5 priffs in the ch 5 with i ch leetween, ch 1 , fasten in the top of the last de of the previons rows, cha I ,
 same place. Keveat from * in each i ch between the puffs. This finshes mue scallop. Repeat from the
 aromund the kimonor, holding it fall at the four corners. Enge the botaler with the hate ly making Chans of $f$ sts amd fastening by o 8 in the mifflle and between the sheds. Nake a row of holes at the neck thromgh which to rm the riblon by making ic with 2 ch between in every 3 of at. Sew the burder on neatly with the white yarn, making full enonesh at the corners. Fasten maler the atrms to form the sleeves, and make bows of the riblon at the fastenings and larget bow on the top of the sleve. Run the ribbon thromel the neek for the ties. This kimono moasures one-half yard from the neck to the lower elge.


Lany's Preakfast Kimono

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## Articles for Babies and Children

## Brownie Hood

Matrriats, - Four sketine white four-fold zeplyr, and 1 of pink. Ribuon for tiec, and 10 yard baby ribbon for rosettes and to run in rows of double cruchet.
A hoorl made by these directions will fit a chich from 6 to ro years old according to size of head. Chain 59, on which work 28 stars. Chain 3, turn, and taking up, back st of star work row of $d$ c. Continue until you have 6 rows of alternate stars and d c .


Brownie Hood
Tth ros-Twenty-seven stars, widen r, I star
Sth roa-Double crochet without widening.
gth row-Stars withont widening.
solh roan- Doulde crochet without widening.
If ith rom-Twenty-eight stars, widen I I star.
ath roa-Thoulde crochet without widening.
I3th row-Widen at begiming I star, 29 stars,
widen I, I star.
Ifthe row--Double crochet without widening.
Isth row Stars, widening at the begiming and before making last star.

16th roar-Donlle crochet without widening.

I-th row-Stars; work to end of row, leaving off last 3 stars. Break wool.

I8th rou-Leave off 3 stars, tie in wool, and make de co end of row.

19th row-Widen at begiming. Leave off 3 stars (or rather their equivalent- $6 \mathrm{~d} c$ ).

20th roa-Leave off 4 stars, and $d \mathrm{c}$ to end of row:

21st roan-Sixteen stars.
$22 d$ row-Skip \& stars and $d \mathrm{c}$ over remaining 8.
$23^{2}$ rom-Widen I star and make 3 stars.
This is for one side and the edge at starting point is the tor edge: the other side is worked the same only reversing ferms, the edge where rows are ended leeing the top erlge, thus:

Chain 59. on which work 28 stars. Chain 3, turn and work row of it c. Work 6 rows as above.

7th roa'-One star, widen 1, 27 stars.
8th rou-Double crochet without widening.
gth roze-Stars without widening.
toth roan-Doulde crechet without widening.
whth row-One star, wiken I, 28 stars.
12th rou-Double crochet without widening.
isth rom-Gne star, widen I, 29 stars; widen at end of row.

I th row--Double crochet without widening.
I5th row-One star, wilen f , work to end of row. widen I.

16tin roz-D Duble crochet without widening.
1, th row-Skip 3 stars and work to end of row, ch 3 , turn.

ISth row-Work d $c$ to end of row, leaving off 3 stars. lireak wool.

Igth roin-Slip 3 stars and work to end of row, widening r.

2oth roan-Donlle crochet to enul of row. leaving off + stars.

2ist row-Sixteen stars, leaving off 6.
2ad roun- houldie erochet arer $\&$ stars, leaving $S$ at cud.

23d romb-Three stars, learing off a and widening at emel.

Whip top edges of hoon together and stitch up back.

The rever is made as follows: Chain 9I, on which work $4+$ stars, clu 3. turn.

2d row-Double crochet. $3^{d}$ row-Stars. $4^{\text {th }}$ row-Double crochet. 5 th row-Stars. Around one side and hoth ends of this strip, and around the outside edge of entire hood, crochet a frill made in three roxs thus:

Ist rout-link shells made by working 2 d c , ch $2,2 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$ in the same stiteh, shipping 2 stars between shells and working i ch between.
ad row-Of the cream wool. Five d ec in shell with i ch between each, and catch down between by sc.
$3^{d}$ roa-With the pink wool. Chain 3. catch by se between eacla $d e$ in topl of shell, and by se without chain letween cacin shell
Kuin baloy ribbon through rows of $\mathrm{d} e \mathrm{i}$ in both hood ant rever, and finish with rosettes of the same ribbon.

## Baby's Carriage Afghan

Maferhals- Fiftect ckeins of cream-whte tiemantown. yaril of whte colcrilown, 5 yards narnow whbom, atml at meltum-sizell thene hook.
The body of the afghan is formed of 5 stripes going lengthwise, but all jomed in the making. Thren wi the strifes are mate ofl star stiteh and d c , and 2 rows are of popern stitch.

Work a ch about i i-f yards lons. (on the ch work 1 每 1 c for the first row. Skip a st of ch


Balif's Carriage AfghaN
about every rith of o to keep the edge from drawing. Turn and work a row of stars. llace a star over every 2 d c . Turn and work a row of f c into the stars, working 24 c over cach star, 14 c in the cye of star and $\mathrm{I} \& \mathrm{c}$ in stitch between the eyes. Alternate these 2 rows until there are 6 rows of stars and $\boldsymbol{j}$ rows of d c This forms the first stripe. To make the popeorn stripe, work a scover each of the first 2 dc, * ch $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{sc}$ in cach of next 3 dc , and
repeat from * to end of the row. Take the s c through both the back and front st beneath. Turn and work the next row of $s c$. dropping out the ch + which forms the raised appearance. Altermate these 2 rows matil thete are il rows with the raised parts and end with a row of $d \mathrm{c}$. This finishes the pepeorn stripe. Woork another stripe like the first we, then another [upeorn stripe, then another like the first, as seen in the illustration.

Wiork a row of if e with ch 2 leetween all aromme the afghan through which to run the ribbom. The border comsists of 4 rows.

1st roan-shedl of 2 d c, ch $2,2 \mathrm{dc}$ in every alternate ch 2 of previous row.

2d rean-chell of 31 c.ch $2,3 d c$ in every shell of previnus row

3d rom-Same as $2 d$ rom. For the last rom, ch 3. 5 ein ch 2 of the thell, ch 5 and 50 in same phace, ch 6 and $s$ e in same place, ch 5 and so in same phace-this forms 3 picont in the ch 2 : ch 3 . 5 c between the shells, ch ond $s$ ece in the eh 2 of next shell. Repeat tor cond of the row.

Cut the cirlerdown to fit the afghat, letting the clages come to the row for the riblum. With the wool work a row of 110 with 2 ch between all around the lining. catching the of into the edge of the ederdown. Ilate the afghan and lining with the wrong siles tusether. Lace the riblon through the lining and outside, thus fastening them together In this way they can easily be taken apart to be cleansed. This afghan is all white, but if a color is desired it lowk very pretty to work the plain rows in the propenrn siripe either of pink or the and then work the last row of the horder of the same color.

## Baby's Bib

Matfrias - Dark cream silk, burdum sterel erochet-hook.
Wnirk oo lonse cla.
ist rou- one de in thited ch, i de in following ch.


BABY'S HI:
$2 d$ row--Single crochet across, taking up back of st to make ridge. Skip 1 st in centre of every other row in the entire bib. Work i st less at the beginning of each of the first 16 rows, or one for each of 8 ridges. Then increase $I$ at the begiming of next 8 rows or + rilges, then $I$ at begiming and end of each remaining rows, or 2 for each ridge. There should be 52 sts in last row. Press with hot iron. Chain it and fasten to lower end of bib for armbole.
ist roxe-Chain 5 * I d c in second ch, I ch * I d $c$ in secomd ch. repeat across chain and end of bib; join to first 5 ch.
ad rou-Chain t. shell of 3 roll st-silk over I2 times in first l c of last row, I d c in mext d c , shell in next il c, repeat all around, clip silk; make the other arm piece the same way.

Finish the top of bib same as arm, working d c on wrong side of work and roll st always on right side; finish the bottom the same also, then work the extra rows like this: 3 ch on wrong side, I sc between first 2 roll sts of shell, 3 ch, I s c between next 2 roll sts, $f$ ch, i s c between first 2 roll sts of next shell; repeat.

Last roze-Shall of + roll sts in loop on top of shell, shell of + roll sts on next shell : repeat across. Finish witlı 3 ch, I d c. 3 ch, I d c, all around bib and armhole.

Tie the sleeve pieces together in back with cream taffeta or satin ribhon about $\mathrm{r}-2$ inch wide.

## Infant's Band

Alaterials.-Two skeins of tworfold white Saxony and a fine bone crochet-look.
Begin at the end with a chain of 42 stitches worked loosely.

Turn and work a sc in each chain stitcl.. * Turn. ch i, and workse in each se of the first row, taking up the back loops of the stitches. Turn, ch i, scein each s c. taking stitch through both front and hack


INFANT'S BAND
stitches beneath. Repeat from the * alternating the 2 rows until 27 ridges are made.

In next row, work 32 s c , leaving 10 at the end. Turn and work back.

In next row, make 32 sc and 2 sc of the to which
were skipped. In the next ridge take up 2 of the skipped ones, in next ridge 3 , and in the next 2 , thus making same number of stitches as in beginning. This forms a small dart at the lower edge. Work four ridges plain.

To form the next dart, work to within 2 sc of the lower edge and back, then to within 3 of end of previous ridge, then to within 2 of emd, then to within 3 , thus dropping io s c, same as in the first dart. In the next ridge work to the lower edge, taking up $f_{2} \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{c}$. Work 27 ridges to correspond with the first side.

Finish the band with a scallop of ( $\mathrm{I} \mathrm{ch}, \mathrm{f} \mathrm{d} \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{I} \mathrm{ch}$ ) fastened by sc.

This band measures 6 inches in width and 20 in length. Use a soft quality of Saxnny so it will not irritate, and a fine hook to make the work rather firm.

## Baby's Bootees

Materials.-Two-fold Sazony or zephyr: r skein of the former or 2 of the latter. Silk for edge and riblon for ties.
The features of this bootee are its toe and heel. Commence at toe with chain ig, using first three stitches to start the star, around which work 8 stars, widen (w) i star. 8 stars, w if fasten by slip stitch in top of ist star. Chain 3 to start star of next row. 8 stars, w i, i star, w i, 8 stars,


Babi"s Bootee
w I, I star. W I, catch as before by sl st in top of ist star. Chain 3. W I star at each end of next 2 rows, after which work 7 rows without widening: fasten and clip wool. Skip the ist 9 stars amb tie wool in eye of next star, ch 3, 17 stars, clip wool. This leaves the 9 stars. Tie wrol at beginning, ch 3 and repeat as before until you have 6
rows of $I$ f stars each; then work + rows of 7 stats each, which forms the heel. Sew hecl together acrons botton and up sule. This forms the foot of hootce.

Crochet a row of double knot stitch of the silk to run riblon through. There should le 25 or 26 groups.

After the row of knot st clip silk amd tic woul in 1op of first loop and work 3 ch. Traw wow! throngh each of 2 ch st, making 3 ch sts on homk: then for fth athe sth sts of star draw wom dirousply fong chain of fop on cither sible of contre shart chatin.
ad roan- Widen one star at cenntre batck.
3 d row-l'lain.
fith roa-kimot stitch
5 the reat-Star stitch. Niternate knot stitelo and star stitch watil you have three clasters of satnec, widening one star in centre back every ran of stars: then two rows of knot stiteln athel two of star stitel. The sock is finibuel with at sloll exlee of wool and a final edge of chatin stiteh of the bilk.

## Baby's Bomet

Materals.-(one small skein af white (iemmantown, : yarl White Chana silk. White bwan c-lown of antuctent length th
 and very fine hone crochet-honk.

Chain 4 join, drawing ${ }^{41}$ p firmly to prevent open centre. Witlin this work \& stars, thus: Clain 2. wool over, draw up loop from contre in stitch at base of chain just mate, draw ${ }^{11}$ p a loop from hole in centre, wool over and draw through all, ch i. Insert book in cye of star just furmed by chand draw up a lonp, i loop in back of last star, 1 loop, in centre (4 on hook), wool over and rloaw throngh all, dis 1 and so on motil there are se stars. Join list star to first by a slip-stitch into the top horizomtal stitch of first star. Chain 2, I loop in ist ch, I loop in top horizontal stitch of star tudlerneath, wom wer. draw through all, ch I, I loop in cye just formed. 1 in back of star just mate, 1 in place where list stitcl (loon) , of last stap was taken, and 1 in next ege wool over. ch i. Comtinue thas. If the work begins to get tox fall, skip an me or har as may be necessary to keep work flat. Nork + rows of stars. If a larger hood is desiret, so atonumd whece or twice more. This size is for a first homel.

The Front.-Which is worked hack and forth... See liagram. (hain. On this work io stars thas Wool over, pick np loops in 2 chatas, wool over, draw through, ch 1,1 loop in eye just formed, i in hate of star just formed, 1 in ch where last fonp of last star and I in next ch, (if ch is not very lomse it is better th skip ne che or the fommbation will be apt to drall in), wool over. (lraw throngh all, ch 1 . IIave [y stars. Chain t. thrn. In breginning 2t row, work one stan extra ont on this chain, thas:

W'ool over, (lraw up lowes in two chams farthest from houk, wool over, hleomgh all, chatin 1 , loop in (ye of star just made, lomp in batck of same star, I in same space as last of proceling statr. and one in next horizomal (skip the eve), of on hook, wool over, draw throngh, ch 1 , comtinue. Keep front of


19 Stars

## 23 Star5.

19 Stars across

23 Stars
19 Stars

1) hicram of Fabv's Bonnet

BABy's Bonnet. (Wee Diagram)
hood straight: widen on lack in same way until thare are 23 stats. lis being carcful to catch up the lomp on the cdise 1 stat cam le made extrat each fow; Ig stars in 1 st row, 20 in next, 21 in mext, and so wh to 23. Then marmow cath rom in back till ig is reached. Narrow ley dropplite off onc star each row at back erlge, working star wer 2d star from edge. This makes 9 rows. Then work across, back and fortle with io stars matil pon loave about 2.2 rows of stars, combting from fonmation cham. This forms one-balf of bonmet. Continne working until yon hate 22 rows of mo stars. Wialen at back edge one star cach row motil there are 23 statrs. then marrom ome cath row until there are wnly Io. Sew wh the back and full in to crown. lime with silk and finish with swancs-down and rihbun. There atre $3^{\prime}$ rass in all in front of bonnet.

## Baby's ('ip

This leantiful little cap is for a two-year-oln! child. The fan-like denigns atre malde in rows and then erochetel tomether at the pionts. (Ha ton of the head the first two rows divide so that the fans fall duwn on the sides. The 1st row hits $\boldsymbol{r}$ fans on each side: the zel row hath films. (on top where the fans divide, in the all row, are juine al row of $i$ fans which rum down ofer the midde wif head but not flute th the neck: the lant of the sepen should be amewhat smaller to make a micer shape. To fill
in the sides of the eap, the $3^{4}$ row has 2 fans dividing with 3 more ruming downward to make it even with 2d row : the fth row has the ist fan standing sidewise joined to the two dividing ones in the 3 row, this


Bary's Cap
is to shape the back; to this are alleal 3 fans which are to be even with the 21 and 3 d rows, On the bottom join a row of 4 fans, begiming from the $2 d$ row and going lack to nape of neck. The joining is all done by two chains and donbles in the picots from one row th the other. I Setailed instructions would be too confusing for making the joinings, but a little ingentuity and fitting on a child's head will be of great assistance.

Use mercerized cotton or erochet silk, and start with the fan in the centre of the ring. Chain 7 . and in the ist ch work 6 roll stitches, over 15 times.
letail of roll-stitch.-Wind the threal 15 times over the hook, bring up loop through ist ch, thread wer the hook and draw through the coil on the hook, thread over hook and draw through the one loop on the hook. Repeat this for each stitch until you have six. Chain 6 and fasten down into the ist ch also: this makes a shell or fan. To wind a heavy ring around this fan, lay the fan with the how in its loop on the forefinger of left hand, hold it down with the thumb, and with the thread wind so times over three fingers. Take the hook out of the loop and put it in again from the opposite direction. slip off the ring carefully, and with the hook pass aver into the eye of the fan (the eye is where the roll sts were worked in), and now work 3 s c into the eye of the fan and over the ring at the same time to fasten the windovers. Next work up the side on ring with izsc, now a tr under the ch of fan (do the tr from the back) now a p of 5 ch , fasten
the $p$ on top of $\mathrm{tr}, 5 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{c}$ under the ring (atr on fan, a $p$ of 5 ch), repeat until there are 9 tr and 9 p. Between the first and last two rolls make 2 tr and one between the others: finish with 12 s c .
If they are the same size as the design this fills the ring. They need not necessarily be the same size, so long as you make an odd number of $p$. At the end of 12 s c fasten down with a sl st, and without cutting threal the next fan in the row can be made. Chain ro and fasten around the centre tr on the wrong side, 7 more and fasten on the centre $p$, which $p$ is now the foundation from which the next fan is marle, using the hole in the picot for putting in the roll sts. Where the fans are to divide the fan is marle exactly opposite.

If desired a China silk lining can be made for the cap. It is trimmerl with big chiffon rosettes where the ties are fastened.

## Baby's Cap. Daisy Design

Chain $S$, join to form ring.
Ist round.-Chain 1, sc into ring 24 times; join into ist sc.
ad romml.-Chain 5 : roll stitch into each stitch of preceding round. Make rolls by throwing thread over needle 20 times, fasten in sc of ist round, and drawing off all at once; ch I.


3d round.-Chain 5 . Cover this chain with 12 s c , and fasten into ist space of preceding round; s c into next space between rolls, ch 5 , fasten to covered ch, turn and fill ch . Repeat around cap.
the round.-Chain 3, fasten between 2 eyelets of 3 d round with 1 c , ch 3 , fasten in top of 1 c , ch 3 . fasten in same place, els 3 , fasten in same place,
ch 3 , fasten in top of next eyelet. This makes clover leat. Work them all around cap.

5th round.-Chain 5, fasten in top of leaf, ch 5. fatcen in top of next leaf, cte.
oth round.- Whork 3 rolls of 20 stitches on ch between cach leaf aromed cap.

Fth round.- Inother round of leaves, fasteming between each roll.
sth round.-Repeat 5 th rumul.
oth round-Twenty daisies, male separately, sewed together, abd then sewed around cap. Keep work tight enough to shape cap.

Ioth round.-Fastem on sile of daisy, cla 3, skip 2 rolls and fasten in same daisy, ch 5 , fasten on side of next daisy, el 3 , skip 2 rolls, fasten in same daisy again.

Repent aromed capp.
Inth romml.- Clover leaves all armmol cap, 2 to each daisy, 1 in each place where eh is joined to daisy.

Izth romend.-Repeat sth round. This completes crown.

I 3 th row.-Seventeen daisies, I to every a clover leases, except yth which has 3 chacer leaves.

Leave off 8 chover leaves to form lmak.
If the row.-Repeat sth rount, 7 st to each chain, fastening in top of each daisy.

I5th rown-Clover leaves actoss front, i to each alas
oth hoar-Repeat sth romml, 6 st to each ch.
17th row.-Repeat 13th row.
ISth row:-Repeat ith row.
Ioth roas-Repeat 15 th row.
soth row.-Repeat Ioth row.
2Ist row-Daisies all aroumd, 17 for front, 13 for back.

To muke dusives.- Chain 6 , fasten to form ring. Chain 2. Nathe 12 rolls of 12 threals each, fastem tath roll to ist, eut thread and fasten. Sew datisich tugether, beginning where thread hangs lomec, su that the loose ent may be bidlen, and fasten a rolls in one to 2 in the other. Have thread long emough to sew together I round of daisies. In sewing daisices to cap, ho not lreak threal, but fasten in ch of last row.

## Baby's Cap

Materiahs. Thice sponls crochet silk. hook to correrpond.
Chain (o, join to form ring.
Ist round.- (hain 2, d c into ring 28 times.
ad round.-Dake one roll in top of each st of 1 st rount.

Make rull by throwing threal over hook 20 times, and taking all off at once.

3d romul-Chain 3, de between first 2 rolls, ch 3 , s c into top of last st, repeat until there are three pionts, ch $3, \operatorname{s}$ c between next 2 rolls. This makes chover leaf. Work them all around.
fth round.-Clain 5, fasten in top of first clover
leaf, ch 7, fiasten in top of next leaf, ch 7, fastea in next, etc.

5 th round.-Make 5 roll stitehes in each space of $f^{\text {th }}$ romal.
oth round.-Repeat 3 [1] rimut.
The round.- Chain 5 between cach leaf unless cap cups too mueh, when o or 7 whmald be made.

Sthe romed.-Repeat 5 th ramul, 3 rolls to each space.
oth round.-Repeat 3 at romm, I leaf to 2 rolls, then 1 to $f$ alternate thus armum cap.
soth roumd. - Repeat -th remmel.
It th romme.- Repeat sth rommd.
Izth round- Repeat , ph rommd, i leaf to every 4 rolls.

Isth round-Repeat izth roumd, I leaf between eath one of $12 t h$ rommel.


Babli's Cal'

Ifth round-Chain 3 , se in top of leaf of izth rumbl, ch $3, d c$ in top of leaf of 12 th romal, etc. This completes crown.

I5th roat-Repeat Sth rommd, 2 rolls th each space. Leave off o leaves tor form hack. Clip silk. Ioth roun.- Fasten in first leaf of 15 th row and repeat 6 th rount.

Ifth row.-Chain + between each leaf.
ISth row.--Repeat 1 sth row. Clip silk.
Ioth row.-Repeat Idth row, fastening in first leaf of isth row.

2oth roas:-Repeat 1-th row:
erst row.-Shell of IO rolls at enmer, fasten in 2 el leaf of front, shell of 7 rolls in next leaf and fasten in next, etc. If there are too many leaves,
skip 2 in place of 1 at intervals. There should be about $I_{7}$ shells across front, and six across back. 22d row-Chain 3, 5 c in space between first 2 stitches of first shell, ch 3 , sc between next 2 sts, etc., entirely around cap.

This cap will fit a child, 2 or even 3 years old. If a smaller one is desired make 24 d c in ist round.

## Baby's Hood

This hood reguires I skein of Shetland floss. Chain S. join.
lst row.-Chain 3 . s c in st, * ch $3 . \operatorname{se}$ in next * 7 times, making 8 loops.
ad roa.-* Single crochect in Ist st of ch. 3 sc in next, is c in next, miss s c, * 8 times: jom by sl st, turn.

3d row-Miss I st.* I scim mext. 3 s c in next, I in next, miss 2 ; * repeat aromed, sl st at end of row, then turn.
the rou'- Like 31, always taking lack loop of st. 5th row.--Single crochet in each st, making 3 s c in I at point.

6th row.-Three sc in each point, missing 2 s c between points.

7th roin--Like sth.
Sth. oth roa's.-like 6th. Now work 8 romms plain bean st. (See directions for lean stitch, page 4.)

baby's Houd
rsth row. - Work bean st, missing of beans at end of row. Turn.

1oth row.-Trelle cruchet in bean, * ch i, tr c in next bean, * repeat around face.

20th rowi- $A$ bean in each tr c.
2Ist, 22d, 23d, 2fth rows.-Plain bean st, using pink, for 23 d row.
$25^{\text {th }}$ row.-All the way around work loops, s c in st, ch 3, miss 1, s c in next.

Trim with ribbon as shown in cut.

## Baby's Shawl

Materials-Six skeins of white Saxony, 6 yards of No. 2 jink ribbon, and medium-sized bone hook.
The centre is in star stitch. Chain igo on which work a row of 70 stars and clip wool.


DABy's Shawl
2d roun- Wrork a star over each one of the first row. Break the wool at the end of each row. To keep the sides straight, in every alternate row begin by placing a star over the first two stars, and working an extra star at the end of the row. This keeps the same number of stars. Work until the shawl is square.

The border is in five rows.
ist roa'- Wouble crochet with 2 ch between, making holes for the rillom.
ad rean-Woul over the nedle twice, take a st in the top of a d c, woul over, draw wool through 2 sts on the hook, woul over, take a st in the next d c, crochet all the sts on the hook off two at a time, ch 2. d c in the st at the crossing of the treble. The next cross tr leegins in the same d c as the precuting tr emuls. Make the work full at the corners so it will lie flat.

3d rou-Shell of $2 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}, 2 \mathrm{ch}, 2 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$ in the st between 2 tr , and fasten by sc in the st between the next 2 tr .
the roa-l Work the same shell in a sliell, with a d c in the s c between.
th row-In each sliell of the $f^{\text {th }}$ row make 3 (1 c, 3 picots by chaining five for each 1 ) and fastening back into the top of the $3 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{l} \mathrm{c}, 3 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$. ; c in the d c between the shells.
Run the riblion through the open spaces of the first row, and make a bow at each corner

## Baby's Bootees

This requires a little more than one skein of Shetland floss. (See directions for lean stitch, page 44.)

Chain 34. join. Work it ronnds of hean st, at end of each round work a se in first bean of round, then turn. Woork ed round with pink:

I5th round.-Double crochet in bean, * chir, ide in next bean *. Repeat.

Ioth round. $A$ bean in each de.
rith round.-A sc in each st, working 3 sc in 8 th and izth beans. Turn.
rSth round.-Single crochet in sc, working 3 s ic in I between widenings. Turn. Wways take back loop of st.

Ioth round.-In this romm widen by making 2 s e in every alternate st in space loctween willenings of ifth round.
20th, 2Tst rounds.-Single crochet in each s c.
2ed round.-Increase o the aromed tore.
23 , 2 th. 25 th, eoth rounds.-Like zoth round. Around top work loops, as before.

habt's Bootee
To make sole.-Chain 6, work 5 rows of sc, widening $I$ st at end of each row by puting 2 s e in last st. Work + rows plain, then 2 rows, narrowing at end of each by taking 2 sts together.

Two rows plain. Four rows, wolening I st at end uf each.
Two rows plain. Six rows, narrowing I st at end of each. One row plain
With needle and wool sew in sole. Kun ribbon around ankle.

## Babyr's Petticoat

The motel was in cream Saxony with a tiny blue stripe and blue edge. Work an easy chain about 24 inches long, it must be full long to fit on the lowlice.


Baby's l'etticoat
Ist rous - Double crocluet.
ad row-Threc ch to stand fur first stitch, ide in hext * I ch, mise a st, i de in next, repeat from and put an extra il $c$ at the cond to strengetlien the chare.
ad roü-Three ch to legin, 1 de in every st, working into ch as if it was a il e.
$4^{\text {th }}$ row-Three ch to legin, 1 c in every st.
$5^{\text {th }}$ row-Like fth.
Gth ron'-Increase ly putting 2 ats in every loth st.
-th. Sth and oth ruas-1llain (that is, without increase).

Ioth row-Increase hy putting 2 sts in every inth st.

IIth, I2th and I $3^{\text {th }}$ rows-Plain.
This is far enough for a placket to suit some: if it is required longer increase in every i2th st, then worl: one, two or three plain rows, as wished. Is soon as the placket is Iong enough minite in a round and work the star stitch.

Chain 3, work a row of stars and join at end of row by slipping the hook through the top of the first star of row, before finishing the final ch, then finish the ch in the nsual way. Any way will do, but this is a trifle snugger than some ways.

The $2 d$ and $3 d$ rows are like the 1 st.
fth round-Like $2 d$ except that you increase every 12 th star, putting three stars where there were but two in the previous row. This is managed by working the star sts a little closer and seeing that the last stitch of the Jast of the increase stars is in the eye of the last of two stars below. After this row you probably will not need to increase again, but if you feel it would be best, it is done as shown. Work 2 rows of blue when the petticoat is about 9 or 9 i-2 inches deep. and then work on till the petticoat is a trifle shorter than you wish it to be (abont fo I-z inches for a baby up to a year), when you work a row of close edge around, working in blue.

Emie.-Work a d c in the eye of a star: * work 2 d c in the next eye of a star, $3 \mathrm{ch}, \mathrm{I} \mathrm{s} \mathrm{c}$ in the top of the last $\mathrm{d} \mathrm{c}, 1$ more d c in the same eye ( 3 d $c$ in all, with a picot on top of $2 d$ stitch), i s c in the eye of the next star, and repeat from * all aromnd. Crochet a border around the placket hole, run in ends, and sew the petticoat to a bodice.

This same petticoat, worked in four-fold zephyr or good Germantown, made a trille longer and tied round the waist loosely with a ribbon, was used with excellent results by a mother for putting on the baby when going out in the baby-buggy to keep the lower part of the body warm. It was an easy matter to slip it on and off under its frock.

## Baby's Bed Socks

Materials.-One skein of white zeplyr and ${ }^{1}$ 'z skein of pink or blue.
To begin the upper part make a chain of 68 sts.
ist row.-Always skip the first st, take I st up from each of the next 39 ch , leaving all on hook: going back chain off 12 .

2 d rozi-TTake II sts up from the last II of the iz sts chained off in the former row and 4 sts from the chain, then chain off 20 going back and crochet 5 th and 6 th and also 15 th and 16 th sts together.

3d row.-Take up 21 sts and chain off 26 going back, nartow on each side of the 8 middle sts.
$4^{\text {th }}$ and 5 th rows.-Same as 3 d row, going forwarl take up 4 sts from the chain, going back chain off 4 more at the other end.
oth to 16th rows.-Proceed as before, but in the gth row chain $3^{t}$ and $4^{\text {the }}$ and also 3 d and th $^{\text {th }}$ to the last together as I, and from I 3 th to 16 th rows work each half separately.

Next work a row at the top consisting of i ch in every st in the former row, turn the work arond, ch 3 and work a row of d c. I in each ch, at the end
turn the work again and work 3 ch. go back with a row of de as before.

To make the turn-over, work on the wrong side only, breaking the wool at the ends.


Baby's Bed Sock
Ist roz'.-Fasten the white zephyr and ch 3,* take 1 stitch up from the next and another from the one following and draw wool through these two, then draw it through the 2 sts on the hook and ch J, repeat from *.
$2 d$ to 5 th rozes.-As ist row, the $2 d$ and 4 th rows to be worked with colored wool. Work scallops around the edge as follows: ch 5 , I ch in the first one, draw wool through the 2 sts on hook and work I ch into every other one in the former row.

Work a star with colored wool on the front of the shoe. Then make a chain string for tying the shoe, draw it through the first row of d c at the top of the shoe. Trim the ends of this chain with little balls made of both colors of the wool.

The sole is composed of 21 rows. Begin with 8 ch and adkl one st on each side in the second row. In the 9 th row narrow one on each side and in the 12th row again add one. In the zoth row narrow 1 to shape the toe. At last work a row of ch around the sole; then take the colored wool and connect the upper part and the sole with ch sts worked on the right side.

## Baby's Socks

These pretty little socks are marle with two colors of fine Saxony wool. Pink and white are the colors used for the model: pink for the slipper part, and white for the instep and leg. A scallop of pink, also, finishes the top.

Begin at the ankle with the white, make a ch of 4o sts and join in a ring to first st, put the hook through the $2 d$ st of ch, wool over and draw it through: keep this st on the hook and take up io more sts in the same way. There will now be 12 sts on the hook, which are to be worked off 2 at a time, by putting the wool over the hook and drawing it through 2 sts, wool over and draw it through 2 more, repeat until all are worked off.

Then insert the hook under the first little perpendicular bar made in the previous row, wool over the hook, draw it through, pick up the at little har, wool over and draw it through as before: so continue until there are again 12 sts on the hook, which work off, 2 at a time, as in first row.

Nake 12 rows of these little scpuares for the instep,


Bady's Sock
break off the wool, and begin at the back with pink wool. Make a d c in each st all around the ankle and instep, widening by putting in an extra of cat each corner of the toe. The next row is made like the last.

Now make two rows of d c without widening. Then two rows more which are to be narrowed by missing a st at each conner of the toe and in the middle of the back. Turn the slipper wrong side out, and crochet the edges together along the bottom of the foot, with s c.

For the straps across the instep, with the pink wool make a ch of 9 sts, make a 1 c in the fourth st from the hook, a d c in each of the 5 remaining ch, then, beginning on the right-land side, make a d c in each d c around the ankle, leaving the white ch on the inside: make another ch of 9 sta at the wher side of slipper and work back on it with d c. lireak off the wool and fasten the ends on the inside. Nake a row of scallops aroumb the top of slipper.

Now, with the white wool, make a \& c in each of the little white loops of the foumblation ch. Make 2 more rows of it $c$ around the leg. Then make a pulf st in every other d e all arouncl. Puff st is matle as follows: wool orer the hook, insert hook in the work, wool over and draw it through. Iraw the st out ${ }^{\prime}$ z inch long, repeat twice, when there will be 7 longs sts on the hook, wool over and draw it through all 7 sts at once, wool over, draw it through the i it. For the sth row make a d c in each ch on top, of the row of puff sts. Make I more row of de then a row of puffs, 2 rows
of $d \mathrm{c}$, a third row of puffs, and finish with a row of scallops in the pink wool.

Fasten the stralis across the instep with a cord and tassels mate of the pink wool. or with a narrens pink rildon.

## Baby's Socks

Materlals. - full halfoume of cream and a full half-ounce oi bahy funk Saxony: a No 14 lome hook. ot a hook which will make a stitch alentit f-7 of an meth long, and a "short" quarte: uf an mell decp.
Lhe cream wool and make 21 easy chain. Turn. mins I ch, work a d c in each of the remaining 20 ch.
$2 d$ row--One ch to turn, 1 d c in the back loop of each of the 20 sts .

Repeat the second row till 12 rows are done; the work will be in ridges.

Now make 15 eany ch, mise I and work 34 sts.
ad roun-Make I ch to turn, and work 34 sts. Kecp up the ridges throughout.

Kepeat the 24 row till you have 12 long rows.
Now break off the wool and then work the second side of the ankle like the first on 20 sts. When the 12 rows are tone, always keeping up the ridge character. break off the wool, leaving an end, and sew the two sites of the back together.

Nou maki the foot--U'se the pink wool; make a d c in the seam, make $\mathrm{I}+\mathrm{d} \mathrm{c}$ along six ridges, if d c along the instep, $1 \mathrm{~d} c$ in the corner, 5 on the rilkes across the toe: 1 in the next corner, If on the second sile of instep and if along ridges at the bottom of the leg, altogether 64 sts. Join to the first stitch and work three more romms, joining each round as completed on of sts.

5 th round.-One ch to legin, work 28 a c down one sile, take 21 c tugether and work I over it, work the 3 in the middle of the toe, take 2 together, and work the remaining 28 and join. This decreases 2 sts.

6th round.-Plain, without decrease.


BABY's SOCK
Th romd,-Plain, till you come to within 2 sts of the centre 3 , take thone 2 together, work the centre 3 as usual, then decrease again; finish the round and join on the centrest, which was made over the sew-
ing up the back. There should be 60 sts, including the one made at the back, on which you do the joining of the round.

Sth round.-Make $2 \mathrm{ch}, 3 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$, decrease, then work around till 5 sts are left: decrease; work the 3 sts and join to the 2 ch . (If you find that I ch makes a better joining st in your style of work, only make i ch).
gth round.-Make the ch, 2 d c. decrease, I st in each st till within 2 of the centre 3 at toe, decrease, work the centre 3 , and work the other half of the round to match that first done, join as usual.
roth round.-Two ch, i d c, decrease, work a d c in every st till there is only i st muorked between the worked side and the central 3 at the toe; take the 101 worked st and one of the central 3 together, work the middle st of the central 3 , then narrow by taking 2 together: work down the side, till there are only 3 sts left. Take 2 together, work the last st in the ordinary way and join to the first stitch of the round, which is the small crochet chain made at beginning. Join neatly up the middle of the sole without drawing the sts tight.

Edge Round Top of Leg.-Use pink wool, and holding the wrong side of the sock toward you, make a d c in the seam at the back: * then make 2 ch. 5 tr . in the next depression between ridges, 2 ch . I d c in the next depressed ridge, and repeat from *. This is the style of work, but get 8 scallops in the round.

2d round of top.-Still use pink wool and make a de in the back loop of the first tr of the first group; one d c in back of next st. * 3 ch . I d c in next st: repeat from * once, then make a d con the last $t r$ in the group.

Edge each scallop the same way. Then tack the scallops down lightly and loosely all romel.

For Strap.-Still use the pink wool, make 3 ch .
ist roat-Miss I ch, make a d c in each of the two remaining sts.
ad rozo.-One ch to turn, 1 d c in the lack loop of each st.

Repeat the al row till 3 or fo rows are done or until the strap will go comfortably round the ankle. Then leave a pretty long end of wool, and crochet a ting chain for a lonttomhole, fastening the end of the chain neatly to the strap.

Turn in the other end neatly or crochet a tiny hit to strengthen where the lnitton is sewn on, hat be sure not to make it clumsy. There may he 3 sts in width in this strap. Of conrse in this case make 4 ch to begin.

## Baby's Bath Robe

Matchtals-Eleven skeing of white and a of fink or hine Ger-
mantown, and a medium-sized bone hook.
This robe is large enough for a baby six months old. If a larger or smaller robe is desired, increase or decrease the number of stitches to begin
at the neck, and also the number of stitches in the first row:

Begin at the neck with a chain of $j 0$ stitches of the white Germantown, turn and work a halfdouble in each st of the ch. To make a half-double throw wool over hook, take up a st, then draw wool through 3 sts on the hook.
$2 d$ row-Chain 3 , take 2 sts in the $3 \mathrm{ch}, 1$ in top of last 1 d c and I in each of the next 2 sts, making 5 on the look for the first star. For the second star take a st in side of the star, I in h de below and in each of next 2 sts. Work II stars, widen, it stars, widen, I i stars.
$3 d$ row-Turn and work a h d c in the eye of each star and in the 2 sts at the top of each.


Baby's Bath Robe
To widen this row work 2 h d c in each side of the widened star of the previous row.
$4^{\text {th }}$ row-Eleven stars, widen, 2 stars, widen. 7 stars, widen, 7 stars, widen, 2 stars, widen, il stars. sth roan-Same as 3 d row.
6th row-Eleven stars, widen, 3 stars, widen, work across the lack, widen, 3 stars, widen, in stars. -th roa-Same as 3 d and 5 th rows.
Sth rou-Eleven stars, widen, 5 stars, widen, 12 stars, widen, 12 stars, widen, 5 stars, widen, 11 stars. In this row the widening in middle of back begins.
$9^{\text {th }}$ rou-Same as 3 d. 5th, and $7^{\text {th }}$ rows.
Ioth rou-Eleven stars, widen, 6 stars, widen, 12 stars, widen, I2 stars, widen, 6 stars, widen, il stars. inth rou- Same as 7 th row. These II rows finish the yoke to tops of the sleeves.

Begin at the right corner, work II stars, widen,
turn, ch 3, and work a row of h d c, then a row of stars, then another of h d c until 5 short rows are worked, fasten off. Skip the h de between the wirenings on the shoukler, fasten wool and work stars across the back to first widening of left shoulder, turn, and make 5 rows same as for front. Work the left front same as the right.

Begin again at comer, work $h_{1} 1 \mathrm{c}$ to the first armhole, ch 12 , work acruss the back, ch I2, work to the end of row. Turn.

The following to rows are of stars and had c alternating, and in cery alternate star row widen one star under each arm and one in middle of hack. To keep the front edgen even, widen a hl d c at the end of each row

For the sleeve take 11 p 25 stars around the armhole, fasten last to the first, turn for the hde dows . Make the sleeve iz rows long. With the pink work a row of h d c in eyes of the stars, to draw in the sleeve into cuff. Work two more rows with the pink, then finish the ealge with a seallop of the white. Whork the sceond sleeve same as the first.

Witly the pink legin at the right corner at neck and work a row of doulle crochet with i ch between across the neck. Work h de down the front, across the bottom, and up the right front. Turn and work another row of hde around the garment. Place close enongh together to make the work lie flat. With the white yarn work a row of shells ( 6 dc fastened with single crochet) all around the garment and across the neck.

Make a twisted cord of pink and white to run through the neek. Make a ball for each end.

## Baby's Nightingale

Materials.-Four balis or skeims of white Pompadour wool. z balls of color desireal, 2 yarls of ribbon. bone crochethook.
W'ith the white wool work a chain of 56 stitches, turn and work a double crochet in Sth st from end


Baby's Nightingale
of ch, ch 3, skip 2 sts of ch and work $d \mathrm{c}$ in 3 d st, ch 3 , skip 2 sts of ch and work d c in 3 d st; continue in this way along ch, ending with a $d \mathrm{c}$ in Ist st of ch. Sou will then have seventeen squares


Shape of Baby's Nightingalee
through which riblom is to be run to tic around neck. (See illustration.) Chain t. 1 turn and work shell of 310 cin ist square, ch 2 and work shell in al symare, ch 2 and work shell in 3 d square. ch 2 and work shell in 4 th symare, ch 2 and work shell in $5^{\text {th }}$ square. ch 2 and work another shell in 5th sybare. Contimue in this mamer across, working clouble shells in the gth and $13^{\text {th }}$ squares. so that work will form a square as shown in cut. After working shell in last square, ch i and work an extrad d in square. Chain of 4 turn and work shell between the extra ic and shell in preceding row. Continue actoss, working a shell in oh between shells of preceling row, working double shells for widening at the same point as in previous row. Continue in this manar until you have fifteen rows of white.

Border.-Start at one side of front with colored wool and work i row across, then i row of white, i row of color, I row white, ending with I row of color. heing sure to work the domble shells at same place to keep it squate.

Cobl.ok.-Work in same manner as the body, I row of white in the squares at neck, working double shells in same sfuares as for body. i row of color, I row white, I row colur, I row white, ending with I row collor.

Edie Aroced Nighting.ale.-Start at one of the points wihh white wool and hetween double shells wotk a shell of $7 \mathrm{~d} c$, fastening with $s c$ in next syluare, shell of $7 / 1 \mathrm{c}$ in next square, contimue in this mamer aromm nightingale, having a shell at each point. Finish the shells with picot edge of the colored wool. Tie how of rilhom on ist and 3.1 points at the donble shells between 3 d and fth row from bottom. Tic first point together between

34 and 4 th rows from bottom at the 8 th shell on each side from point to form slecve. Tie $3 d$ point in same manner, the middle point being centre of back. Run ribbon through squares at neck and leave ends to tie.

## Baby's Mittens

Use white Saxony and a fine bone hook. The mittens are made throughout in single crochet by


Baby's Mitten
taking the front part of the stitch and working around and aromi.

Begin with chain of $4^{6}$ closed to form a ring. Work two rows of $s \mathrm{c}$, then a row of double crochet to run ribbon through. Work eight more rows of s c, which brings the work to base of the thmmb. ln the next row legin widening for the thumb by placing 2 stitches in one. In the following seven rows widen 2 sts, one each side of the thumb in each row. The 16 widened sts form the thmmb. Fasten the last and first one together and crochet the thamb. To narrow off the thumb, take 2 sts in one to narrow, leaving the thumb the desired length.

Fasten on the wool for the hand, and work eight rows before the narrowing begins. To narrow off the tip, narrow a st on each side in evety alternate row for eight rows, then narrow threc or four in each row mutil the sts are all narrowed off. The worker can tell how often to narrow to shape the end right.

Crochet two rows of slells across the top with a ch of two fastened into eaclu st of the last row of shells. Run baby ribben through the row of $\mathrm{d} c$
in the wrist. The mittens can be made larger by beginning with more stitches, and widening more for the thumb.

## Baby's Mittens

This reguires about one skein Shetland floss.
Chain 28, join. (See directions for bean stitch, page 44.)
ist round.-Work around in bean st.
2d round.-With pink work around in bean st.
3d, $\mathrm{f}^{\text {the }} 5^{\text {th }}$ rounds.- Bean st with white.
oth round.-Double crochet in bean, * ch I, d c in next bean *, repeat.
gth round.-A bean in each 1 c .
Sth round.-Single crochet in each st except in centre of round, work 2 s c in a st. I s c in next, 2 scin next, turn.
gth round.--Single crochet in s c, taking back loop of st, turn at end of each round.
roth round.-Single crochet in s c, widening as before, leaving 3 sts between widenings.

Ith round.-Single crochet in s c.
I2th round.-Like loth romnd, having 5 sts between widenings.

I3th round.-Single crochet ins c.
Ifth round.-Single crochet in sc at ist widening, ch 3 , miss 9 sts between widenings for thumb.

Work 8 rounds plain, working s c on 3 ch .
$23 d$ round.-Narrow every gth st. Continue narrowing in same place in every round till closed.

Join wool to thumb; work 7 rounds, then nar-


Baby's Mitten
row every 3 d st, continue narrowing in same place in each round until closed.

Around wrist work loops, sc in st, ch 3, miss I, sc in next. Run ribbon through at wrists.

## Infant's Sack

This sack is designed for a year-old child, and takes five skeins of white Saxony. If color is desired, as shown in the illustration, one skein will be required. The yoke is made in rib-stitch and with the long shoulder effect. Start at the neck with ch 5 .

1st roa-Twelve sc in 12 ch , begiming on 2 d ch. Increase in next ch by working 3 sc in 1 ch st ; now 24 s c for back, increase on mext ch; now 12 s c for front.
$2 d$ row-Chain $1, s$ c in each $s$ c to the increase. Increase in first and last st of the interease and plain between. This makes the shoukder-piece between the increases. Single crochet to the next increase and do the same here. Finish off the row with s c. Repeat this row until the yoke is deep enough, which should be when there are 8 or 9 ribs done.

For the long sloulders, work back and forth between the increases over the slooulders, missing a st at the end cach time until only a s c remains.

The sleeves are worked on these extended points. Connect corners by ch 6 for under the arm, and work around with d c for first row.

2d row.-Hake 3 ch, now a st like this: Wool over the hook, bring up a loop around a d c and draw it out about three-quarters of an inch, repeat once more, then wool over the hook and draw through all the loops, now i ch: this completes the stitch. Make this stitch into every other d c.
$3^{d}$ rox-Chain 3 and now the same st into each st of previous row, making them around 4 of the top loops. This is to raise them. Make the sleeve 13 rows in length, then work on the cuff of 4 ribs. Edge this with a ruffle of $4 d c$ in every other $s c$, with a 3 -ch picot between.

Work thic skirt of the sack the same as the sleeves, is rows in length. Edge with a large scal-


Infants Sack
lop at the bottom made with $S \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$ and a 3 -clo picot between, the remainder edge with a ruffle same as the sleeve.

Also work a ruffle at the edge of the yoke.
If a colnr is used for yoke and cuffs. then all the ruffles and scallops are edged with 3 ch and sl sts of it.

## Infant's Bootees

This bootec is made of twofold Saxony and is widened on top like a slipper. The top of the foot, however, is not ribbed, as it is crocheted aromed and around, making the sole as well as the upper.

Chain 13, around which make a row of s c, widening 2 sc at each end of chain and at point half


Infant's Bootee
way between on one side, taking up back part of st only on upper side, and both parts on sole. Continue thus widening for 5 rows, then widen in centre front only 2 s c every other row for if rows, making ig rows in all. Then work back and forth across sole, taking up both sts of 20 sc for If rows, then leaving off is c at each entlof next 4 rows, fasten wool and clip. Tic wool in at centre point in front, ch IS, on which make it sc, which brings you to front part already crocheted. Work on down to sole, catching into sole by sl st, turn and work back to end. Continue around the sole, working up and down, taking up back st and catching into sole, so that the rows of top will correspond to rows of sole; the model has 25 ribs or 50 rows.

Run ribbon through at ankle and finish top with fancy edge.

## Child's Ball

Take a large ball of yarn, or a very thin rubber one. Commence the cover of worsted by making a ch of $\&$ sts : join in a circle, and work in tr st, increasing at regular intervals until the work is large enough to cover one-half the ball; then work a few rows withont increasing. Ilraw the cover over the ball, letting the wrong side of the work be outside. and work the other half to correspond with the first half, decreasing at regular intervals and putting the hook in from the inside. A pattern of bright flowers worked with worsted round the centre adds greatly to the attractiveness of the ball to a child.

## Child's Cloak

Matertals.-Five skeins of white Spanish yarn, i ball of knitting silh, 5 yards No. $1^{1 / 2}$ ribhon, $11 / 2$ yards No. 12 ribbon, 6 fancy pearl buttons and i yard of silk cord. A medium-sized crochet-hook.
This cloak is for a child one year old, in short clothes.

Begin at the neck with a chain of 112 stitches. Work a s c in 2 d st from the hook, and in next 2


Child's Cloak
stitches, 3 sc in the next, sc in each of next 3 stitches of chain, * skip 1 ch. 3 s c. 3 s c in mext. 3 s c and repeat from * to end of the chain, thus storting it points for the yoke. Chain 2. turn, work s c in each s c of the first row, taking back of the stitch. Repeat until the yoke is IS rows deep. placing 3 sts in the point in every alternate row.

The body is attached to the under side of the yoke, under the points. Instead of working the first row around the points, go straight across diagonally. Begin at the corner of the front, and work 1 c for the first row, placing them close enough so the work will not draw in. Chain 3, turn, work a star over every 2 d c to the mithle of the space between the 2 d and $3^{d}$ points of yoke, skip the 3 d, $4^{\text {th }}$ and $5^{\text {th }}$ points for the sleeve, working the next star in the middle of the space between the 5 th and 6 th points, work stars across the back to the middle of the space between the ath and roth pints, skip roth, 11th and 12 th points for the other sleeve and work next star in middle of space between the 12 th and I 3 th points. finish to the corner of yoke. Chain 3. turn, d c in eye of the last star, then d c back in the 2 st at the top of the last star, thus making a small stack
stitch. Repeat the stacks to the end of the row, placing one over each star. The next row is of stars, placing a star over each stack, and widening a star under each arm and in middle of the back. To widen work a star between 2 stars without taking any stitches of the row preceding. The body is all made of these 2 rows until it is the desired length, widening as in the preceding row in every alternate star row. Work a row of s c across the bottom, then break the wool and fasten to the upper corner of the left side of yoke and work a row of sc across the fronts and the bottom.

Fasten the wool in the lower side of the armhole and work a row of 26 stars for the sleeve. Sleeves are made same as the body, working 10 rows, then join the edges. Begin the cuff by asc in every alternate stitch of last row, work around for 4 rows, then a row of d c , with 2 ch between for the ribbon, and finish with a row of shells, each of 6 dc , joined by s c.

Begin at the right corner for the collar, working a row of d c with 2 ch between for the ribbon. Turn, ch 3 and work a row of stars by placing a star over each stitch beneath instead of over every 2 stitches, thus making the fullness for rounding the collar. The next row is stacks, then a star row, then another stack row. Finish the collar and each side of the front with a row of shells, each of 6 d c joined by s c, and made close enough to round the corners of the collar nicely. Edge the yoke aromind the points with shells, then finish the shells of yoke, collar, fronts, ancl slecves with knitting silk, by chaining 3 and joining by sc in each st of shells.

Run the narrow ribbon through the spaces made by the widenings in each point and leave a loop and end at each point. Use the wider ribbon for ties, rumning it through the spaces at the neck.

Sew three buttons on each side to a tape on the underside, and make loops of the cord for fastenings.

## Child's Slippers

Matertals.-One skein of pink Germantown, a part of a skein of pink Saxony for the border, and I yard of 1 -minch ribhon. The soles are No. -. To make the work firm use a rather fine hook.

Begin at the toe with a chain of 15 stitches. Tirn and single crochet in each of the first 7


Chlld's Slapper
sts, 3 s $c$ in the next st, -s . For the second rou work a $s c$ in each $s c$ of the first row. The whole slipper is worked in s c taking the back part of the stitch each time. The widening is in the middie s cof every alternate row, until there are is ribs for the front of the slippet. Work is sts for the side, and crochet back and forth until thete are is ribs on one side. Work the other sitle same as the first, and erochet the embs together at the back. For the boteler fasten the Saxony at the back of the slipper and work a row of treble corochet (t C$)$. wne in cach rib aromnd the top. At the lower edge of the $t$ e row work a row by chaninge 6 and fastening letweon the ribs. Wiork a row of shells, each of +1 c in the $\mathrm{t} c$ row, then another row of shells betwern these shells, and at the onter edge ch 2 and fasten into each st of the last shell row. Dotble the toe and fasten 10 form a box. Sew the slipper to the sole and rim the ribloon through the spaces at the top, tying in a bow in front.

## Hood for Child of Three Years

Materiats.- Three and omo- half seins of Germantown zephyr of Note.-The rows of star stitch mly are counted in making this hood.
Frosit Piece.-Chain Si, on which work 30 stars of 5 stitches. Chain 2, turn, taking up back st of stars, work row of single crochet, 2 sis to $I$ star.


Hood for Child of Three Years

Chain 3, turn, work an extra star at each end of row, Work 5 rows of stars, alternating with s c , increasing I star at each end of each row of stars.
B.sk-Chain 49 . on which work 23 stars, turn, crochet row of sc. Work 9 rows of stars, alternating with s c. Ioth rou-Skip i star at each end. Skip I star at each und of every 2 rows until you have 13 stars. Then skip i star at each end of next 2 rows. Skip 2 stars at each end of next row. Then Itutil yon have only 3 stars left, which should be 22 rows. The other side is worked the same, starting with a row of $s \mathrm{c}$ on lack side of ist row of tars. thrning. crochet row of stars.
To I'UT Tonetuer. - The points of front go to the iace. Sew front and back together, joining one side of hack from point at each encl to front for fire inches: then sather fulness to remaining front. The nther side ai batek sather to dit the back of hearl. Finich edge wif hood with row of hairpinwork of color ant make three rosettes for front and three for back hy winding worl over fingers and twing in centre, mixing the shades of wool to suit. Sew rosettes in place.

## Napoleon Hat

Made of Ciermantomn in s-stitcin star utitch. It takes from to 3 skents of cream and cone of a contrasting color
Chain 5. Skip the ch st next on the hook and draw the wool through the zhl keeping both sts on the hook. Take mp the 3 and fth sts the same way, making + sts on the look. These sts mast be quite loone ancl the same length. Throw over the wool and take all + sts ofli together, amd finish the star by ch I to hold it together. Now insert the hook in the first of of the star goines down the side, it being a short stitch and called the eye of the star, draw the wool through, then throngl next st of the star, it being a long one, then through st where last st of previots star was marle: fraw wool throngl all + sts together, ch 1 . Repeat matil you have 7 stars wf + sts cach, the $f^{t h}$ st always being put in the same place. which makes a circle. Finten together lys so st, ch 3. In succeeding rows this 4 st star is naced to widen, all other stara laving 5 sts,

2d row.- Draw wool through 24 and 34 ch which makes 3 lomps on hook. lraw wool throneg lones st on top of star of precerling row, then thandeh short at or eve of the star, making 5 sts wn the lomk, take uff all 5 together, ch 1 . Sow make a $f$ st star as described above, the fth st bemer taken in eye of same star where sth st of last star wats taken, and so contintue for ballance of row, witlening every other star.

3d row.- Wilen every 2 stars, and sn on, increasing I star between widenings antil you widen every T stars. which will be 8 rows. Crochet 8 rows withont wilening. which finishes the crown. Then turn and crochet the brim so the right side of brim will be
to the wrong side of crown. Widen in first row every 6 stars, increasing 1 star between widenings for 7 rows, counting the first, when you will widen every 12 stars. The next $\&$ rows are made withont widening, the first two being of white and blue stars alternating, and the next two rows of the white.


Napoleon Hat

To make the two rows of alternate blue and white stars-Commence ruw with a white star: insert the hook through the eye of the star and draw the blue wool through in a loop, leaving enough of the end on the wrong sile so it won't pull through, finish up the blue star, the top loop of which will be white, drop the blue wool at back of work and pick up the white wool, insert the neelle in the eve of the blue star and draw the cream wool through and finish the star as before. Proceed as before, ahways dropping the wool just used behind and in such a way that it will mot beeome tangled. Start in on the 21 row with a star of blue over the white, being careful to keep them in this mamer, one color over the other.

Finish with blue picot edge as follows: Chain 4 se into point where ch st started. ch 3. skip longe st of the star and $s c$ into eve of it, ch $3 . s c i n t u$ same stitch; ch 3, skip long st of the star, se into eye, ch 3 . s c into same st, and repeat.

Line the wrong sile of brim and crown with silk with interlining of canvas. Tack in shape with rosettes, which in the illustration are of staple work. Ties of ribhon or an elastic, as preferred, are used.

## Napoleon Cap

Materials. - Five skeins zephyr, io yards baloy ribbon, and I yard of wide ribbon for ties.
Chain 5. Skip the ch st next to the hook and draw the wool throngh the 21, keeping both sts on the hook. Take up the $3 d$ and $f^{t h}$ sts the same way, making $\&$ sts on the hook. These sts must be quite loose and the same length. Throw over the wool and take all $\&$ sts off together, and finish the star by eh I to hold it together. Now insert the hook in the ist st of the star going down the side, it being a short st and called the eye of the star, draw the wool through, then through next st of the star, it being a long one, then throngh st where last st of previons star was made: draw wool through all $\&$ sts together, ch 1 . Repeat until you have 7 stars of 4 sts each, which makes a circle. Fasten together by sl st, ch 3. In succeeding rows this $\&$ st star is used to widen, all other stars having 5 sts.
$2 d$ row. -Draw wool through 2 d and 3 d ch which makes 3 loops on hook: draw wool through long st on top of star of preceding row, then through short st or eye of star, making 5 sts on the hook, take off all five together, ch i. Now make a 4 st star as nescribed above, the $f^{\text {th }}$ st being taken in eye of same star where 5 th st of last star was taken, and su continue for balance of row, widening every other star.
$3^{d}$ row.-Widen every 2 stars, and so on, increasing I star between widenings until you widen every 7 stars, which is 8 rows. Work 5 rows plain and clip wool.

Divide crown in 4 parts, two opposite points being front and back, and the other two ear points. The

last row, if whlened correctly, should contain 50 stars, which, divided into points, would be it stars between. Fourteen stars from where the wool was clipped tic in the wool, and work row uf ac around erown, which commences the brim, and should be made wrong side ont. The entire brinn is mate of 1 c . With the 26 row of which widen 2 de at two opposite points. being front and back, for 2 rows, hen widen + at same points until you have 9 rows. At ear points decrease 2 if c on the last 3 rows, and fnish edge with licot edge or scallops. Either of these two edges are very satisfactory. Single zochet into top of first if $\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{ch} 3 . \operatorname{se}$ juto top of same 1 c ; sc into top of next 1 c , ch 3, s cento top of same 1 c. Or s c into top of 1 st 1 c , ch $3, \mathrm{sc}$ into lop of :ame d c, ch 3. scinto same place ch 3.50 into same olace, making three lomis of 3 ch sts each : skip I d c and $s$ e into next, skip i d a and repeat the seallop. After finishing the edge, turn the brim back over -ight side of crown and faston points at top with osette, also fimishing at ear points with the same osette.
These directions are for in infants cap. Tu -nlarge: In making the crown wifen for a rows intead of 8 , whening cerery 8 stars in oth row: In inishing the crown work o or more plan rows intead of 5 . In making the brim divisle as atove and viden just the same, lut there will be more 11 ev in ach division and two more rows must te workel nefore putting on picot elge.

## Child's Cap and Bib with Crochet Trimmings

The cut shows a cap marle of a piece of linen ighteen inches long and six inches wide. Thu


ChILJ'S Cap
crochet trimming is all marle and sewell on with the sewing-machine chose to the erge of the rings, and around each stitehing is placel a border of French knots with merecrizel cotton.

For the Front,-Sew twenty rings on the eigh-teen-inch effge: place the rings half way wer the edge and sew lalf way around the rings. Four and a half inches lack place anonher row of twenty rings,


Chili,'s Bib
and sew this on buth silles. Hetween these two rows of trimming place the fise crochet motifs at regular intervals: on the encls place four or five rings (t) fill up letween the rows.

Make all the Firench knots and do the cutting out lefore gathering the crown. bather it around a motif and sew the linen erlgen logether as far as the rins trimming. It is ly far the nicest to gather it ont the ruffler and set it just the right size to fit makler the mutif. It should have the rings half way


A pretty way to trim this cap is to make a big lmow of three-inch riflon and place it in the nape of the neck, annl ran linge ents through the rings for tie-strings. Kubte narron lace and sew it on the erige of the trimming all aromm the eap. Latmeder on the wrongs side on tery soft wool blanket

1) etall uf (bocilet Motif USE日) UN C.ap。——ind mercerized cotton ten times over the forefinger. slip off. work of if in the ring; * wind another ring same size close to last st, fill this ring full of de and join neatly with sl st, six nuse de wh the first ring: repeat from * until you lave six rings around the centre ring, the last rine jom to the forst and finish on the wronge situ. The other rings are always joined to the precerling at points where they touch. It takes sis of these motifs for the cap. The other
rings are wound the same and filled half, another womd and filled half, and so on, then turned and remainder filled.

Tife Serviceable Bib is cut from very heavy white vesting. Arouml the edge it is hemmed on the machine and aromel the neck it is turned under half an woch (it must be snipped nearly half an inch rather close together before it can be turned.) Over it run three times with the sewingmachine one-cighth of an inch apart.

Sew on the ring trimming with the machine. close to the edge of the rings. Border the elge of trimming and arom, the neck with French knots male with mercerized cotton. Close with button and buttonhole or with tape.

Detail of Rint; Trimaing.-IVind mercerized cotton ten times over forefinger and crochet needle. slip off, ch 3 , work * 9 dc in the ring. Fur picot, ch 5 and fasten back in top of last de. Now fill this tiny ring with 8 s c, work 9 more $d \mathrm{c}$ in ring: this fills it half full. Wind another ring close to last st, and repeat from * until long enough, then work back and fill remainder of rings without making the pieots.

## Baby's Carriage Afghan

Materials.-Fons ounces white anl 2 enaces of colored Saxony: a long double crochethook, a short crochethook of the same size. Fourtuen yarll of narrow satin ribbon to matcl the colored wook. In afghan stitch.
Make a ch of roi sts with both wouls, Uith the white raise 100 loops; turn the work, and with the colored wool draw through 2 loops at a time till all have been worked off. Break off the wool and recommence at the legiming.

Work 72 rows in this manner, always working in

For the Scallops.-Upon the wrong side make i if c in the Ist st; * I ch, 5 long trebles, miss 2 sts, I d $c$ into the $3^{d}$ st and repeat from *.
kun three rows of riblon through the holes formed by the druble stitches, and make four bunches of loops at the corners.

## Baby's Sack

This pretty sack reduires six skeins of white Shetland floss. Yoke in Russian crochet, skirt in bean stitch.

## Chain 93

 se in next $2,3 \mathrm{sc}$ in next, 2 sc in next 2 , miss 2 ; repeat from * to end of row, culling with ch i, miss 1, i s c. Turn.

2d row.-Chain $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{I}$ s c in back loop of st, ch I , * miss 2 , s c in next, 2 in next, 3 in next, 2 in next, I in next; repeat from * ending with ch 1, miss 2, I s c. Continue working until there are 12 rows, widening in each row by making 3 se in centre of cach point, and in every alternate row, 2 s c in st each side of point.

Skirt.-I ${ }^{\text {th }}$ th roze.-Work across in bean st.
To make beun stitch.-* Miss 2 sts, insert hook in next, draw wool through, wool over, draw another loop through same st, over, another loop through same st, over, and draw through all 6 loops, ch I Repeat from ${ }^{*}$, turn. In making following rows, work last bean, at end of each row, in the two end sts of bean of previous row.

1. fth row.-Bean st as in I3th row, except miss unly I st around 2 points, ch 20 , miss 2 points, beans the same dircction.

Darn in the loose ends of wool with a needle. This completes the contre. For the Rorder.-IInding the right side of the work towards you, with the white wonl and short low work in double stitch thus: I of c in the 1 ht st: * put the hook into the same st and draw the wool through, put the hook into the next st and draw the woul through; there will be 3 lomps on the hook: wool over and draw the wool through all the loops at once. Repreat from *. Work three more rows of dc .


Section of Baby's Carriage Afghan

baby's Sack
across 5 points ch 20 , miss 2 peints, heans actoss 2 points, turn.

15th row.-When working beans atress chains miss 2 sos between heans.

Work 27 rows, always missing the ist space between heans. Now with pink crochet a row of beans down fronts and aroumd hottom, workings 3 heans in I at corners: turn.
With white, work 3 rows of lean st on front and botton. always working 3 lreans in one at comers. With white. c in st, ch 3. miss $\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{s} \mathrm{c}$ in next, all aromme.

Arousir Neck-Lst roáSingle crochet in point, ch t. s. C in next point: repeat aromel.

2d roat- Twos c in 2 sts. 3 sc in next. * +sc in next $+\mathrm{sts}, 3 \mathrm{se}$ in next: repeat.
$3 d^{d}$ row.-A s c in each st. working 3 s c in I at each point. fth row.-With pink work around in lean st, missing 2 sts hetween lieans, though always working a bean in point.
$5^{\text {th }}$ row.-With white work round in bean st and loops as around skirt.

Fur Sleeve.-Woork 25 rounds of lean st, turning at end of each round and keeping sleeve clowed.

Treble crochet in bean, * ch 1 , tre in next bean. * repeat; turn. Another round of lean st, then a round of pink, one round white, then loops as before. Run ribbon around neck and wrists.

## Baby's Sack

Matertals:-Six skeins of Saxony were used in the momel. which is large enough for a child one year old or problatily older. A bone errochet-hook that slants to a point is unell. as the skirt is made mostly in Relief Crochet.
In this sach the yoke extends below the armholes, and in place of being worked back and forth


Baby's Sack
the inp of each st: this is dme ly inserting the hook on the right site of st and liringing it out on left side of st, and bring the loops through this phace: this makes the heary rib. Two rows make one ril) and each row must have 30 sts. Repeat the 21 row antil you have three fall ribs for the shouller.

Now fur back of neck work It sts, ne rib and a half. add 32 ch loosely for right front, three extra to turn, work 30 sts again until there are 8 whole ribs on the back yoke. Break wool and fasten at the neck.

To work the fronts, make if sts, 2 ribs for each
front. For the under-arm, work + sts in length two rows or one rib at either the front or back yoke, and join it to make the armbole. To make the extension shoulders, begin 2 sts away from the short rib and work back and forth, missing two sts at the start and the end of each row until to a point. A little over two ribs brings it to the point.

For the skirt, start with right side toward you, the side that counts whole ribs. Always begin row with 3 ch, 2 de in each row, working the dc around the st to give a good strong body, in the centre of each rib make a Rose Treble Shell of + sts. * Work this stitch by winting is times over hook, insert in rib, bring wool through. wool over. and draw through 2 loops, wooi over and draw through 2 loops, wool over and draw through the rest of the coil, wool over and draw through i loop and pull up wool tight to curl the coil. Repeat the detail from * for each stitch in shell. This row has 20 shells with $f$ doubles leetween cach shell.

2d roas- Chain 3. d c in eath $d$
c. and in shells work ch 2. it de in centre of shell,
 again.
$3 d$ roa-Same as first, unly there is a different foundation now. The $d c$ are made in the $d e$ and the shells in the centre of 2 chain in centre of shell.

Niternate the $2 d$ and 3 , rows mutil there are 7 shell rows; lout in the fils shell row use five Rose Trelse, in the sth the same, in the Goth use 6 , and in the 7 th use 7 , and in this last use $s$ o over the $d \mathrm{c}$ in place of $\mathrm{d} c$.

The sleeves are made like the skirt. Begin on the under arm. manage to work around so you get six shells in the row and so you get a shell on the point of shoulder. Work the collar and front scallops to corresponsl.

## Baby's Sack

Matfrasls - Five skeins Saxnmy wool and i spool knitting silk. witl hook to corre-bond; : yards ribbon a inch wide.

Yoke-Clain 88, ch 1 , turn, s $c$ in each one of the SS ch.
$2 d$ roct-Chain $I$, $s c$ in first $2 I$ sts, taking $u p$ back thread of st to form rib. Widen on $22 d$ an! 25 th sts. Have $t^{\circ}$ sts across back. Also widen on 22d and 25 th sts from other side. Widen every row, having firat to then 6,8 , etc., across shoulders. Be careful to keep 22 in fronts. WVork 16 rows.
toth row-Repeat i6th row until first point of
yoke is reached, then ch 15 , and fasten across to back puint of yoke for arm-hole. This completes yoke.

Skirt.-Ist roz-Chain 3, d c in second st of yoke, then $d \mathrm{c}$ across this into first st . This makes a cross. Work II crosses across each front, 8 mulder arm, 20 across back.
$2 d$ row-Repeat ist row, working crosses directly above those of last row.
$3^{d}$ roz-Widen 3 crosses on front, 5 on back.


Baby's Sack
$4^{\text {th }}$ row-Repeat $2<1$ row.
$5^{\text {th }}$ roz-- ${ }^{\text {thiden }}+$ on fronts, 6 on back.
6th rom- No widening.
万th roa-Widen $\Rightarrow$ on fronts. it on back.
Stif roab-Wilen 7 on fronts, is on back.
Next + rows, no widening. Freak wool.
Fasten wool on right corner of neck, ch $3, \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$ in 3d st of neck, cli r , long crochet in next 3 d st., etc., for bearling. When left sirle of neck is reached, work shells of 5 d c all armund sack; at corners of skirt, work shells of 10 d c.

Sleeves.- Join itt tront point of yoke, work 3 crosses, going into every st once, then 17 , going into every st twice, then 6 like first 3 , one cross above another under arm.

Work if rows, connting the first, one cross above the other, then break woul.

ISlh roa'- On this row leave off + crosses on each side of seam.

Igth roze-On this row leave off 3 at each end of iSth row.
anth rou-On this row leave off 3 on each end nf igth row
$2 \mathrm{I} t$ roa-Crosses all around.
$22 d$ rou-One cross above another for first 3 , then one above two for every other one, except last 3 which are like first 3 .

For the beading work treble crochet between each space of $22 d$ row.
$24^{t h}$ rozu-Crosses all around, I for each tr of 23 d row.

25 th rou-Repeat 24 th row.
26th row-Shells of 5 d e all around.
This completes the wool part.
Now with silk, and beginning at neck, ch 4. s e between two sts of shell, ch $4, \mathrm{~s}$ e again, ctc., around sack. Without clipping the silk, pass to first rib of yoke, s c in top of st, ch $2,5 \mathrm{c}$ in next. When the end is reached, turn, and edge next rib the same way. All the rilos can be edgul without breaking the silk. Finish the shells on the sleeves the same as those around the sack. Run ribhon through beading on sleeves, and tie in bow at back. Alson run ribbon through beading at neck. This little garment will fit a baly under one ycar old. For a child over one year. ch 100 at begiming, then have 25 sts on each front, and $f^{6}$ on hack, with 2 on each shouker,

## Baby's Sack

Materials.-- Three skeins of blue and i uf pink imu-fold Siaxony, a fine bone hook, and + yards of Nor. amme rabloon to matils the annk simany
Begin at the neek with a chain of 115 sts. Turn, and in the 3 d st from the hook work is s a and s c in each of next $2 \mathrm{ch}, 3 \mathrm{sc}$ in next st, * sc in next 7 sts, 3 se in next. and tepeat from * if times, 3 s c .

For hext ros.-Chain 3, turn, se in each of the first $f$ sc. * 3 sc in next. $f \leqslant c$, skip is $\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{f}$ sc, and repeat from * across the row. Each succceding row of the yoke is worked the same as the 211 row, the 3 sc for widening the print being put in the same place in each row, but omit skipping i s c letween points. The yoke las 16 points and is 9 ridges or is rows decp.


BABY'S SACK

The body and sleeves of the sack are formed of rows of d c and stack stitch-one of d c and two of stack stiteh, as seen in the illustration. Begin the boely of the sack at the left corner of the yoke, maler the pints in the $z^{3}$ ridge, and work a d c in each stitch, working straight across the point and not following the rifge, the points thus lapping over the boely of the sack. For the row of stack stitcl, turn, ch 3 , skip 2 if e and work d $c$ in each of the next 3 d c , then, without turning the hook, insert it in the first skipped d $c$, and work $d$ c in each of the $2 d$ c that were skipperl. Tlios forms I stack. 1t will bee seen that the last 2 d c cruss wer the first 3 d e. Repeat the stack in times, then turn, ch 3 , and make a stack over a stack back to front edge. Work another row of $d \mathrm{c}$ and 2 rows of stacks, then break the wool. Skip zode for the left sleeve, fasten wool and work stacks acruss the back ( 13 stitcks), turn and make another stack row, then a row of $d \mathrm{c}$, and two more stack rows, sambe at the frome. Break womb, skip $3^{\circ} \mathrm{d}$ o for the right sleeve and work the right fromt same as the left tront. Turn, ch 3 . d c in each st of fromt, ch $f$ under the arm, d e across the back, chatander arm. do acroms the left ironit. Nternate the 2 rown of stach andil of $d e$ until the sack has 3 more domble rows of stacks and 2 of d c .
 and work same as for the lwaly of the satck nutil $f$ rows of it a and $f$ denuld rown of stacks are worked. Then work a row of la with oth letween through which tor ran the riblum. Jain the pink wool and make a row of bean st. To work bean stitela procent as follows: Take up a of (11) the hook, wool over and take another at in the same place, wool wer and take anbher in the sambe place, thus makinge 6 sts on the howk, and draw eath nut alout $\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{z}$ inch long, take a st through the 6 sts and fasten with as $c$. This makes me bean. Wiork i bean in each of a ch. Join the bue and work the cuff of $s c$ for \& rows, then at row of holes for the riblom. Work the second sleeve same as the first.

Join the wool to the upper corner of the left front and work a row of 1 e with 2 ch between all aromand the sack. Fasten the pink at the lower left corner and make a row of bean stitch across the
bottom, I bean in each 2 ch, with 2 ch hetween. Witl the blue work a sleell of (2 d c, I ch, 2 d c) in each of the 2 cl of pink row. Work another row same as this one, shell in a shell. For the 34 row of the border, work shell of 8 d c in the first shell heneath, juin with se in the next shell, and repeat actoss the row. Work a row of shells acruss the neck.

Finish the elges of the sack, the sleeres and the peints of the yoke with a row of picots worked of the pink. Across the bottom let the pink chains extend up between the scallops, as seen in the illustration.

The work must be loosely done to make this stitch effective. Run the riblon throngh the spaces, with hows on the sleeves, and enls to tie at the neck.

## Baby's Sack

Materials. One skein of pink or blue three-fold saxomy, 3
skeins of white two foid saxuny, $3^{1} 2$ yards of narrow rilbinn to match colored wool, part of a spmel uf crochet silk to match colored numi.
Chan 136 . Wink one row of single crocluet on the ch, turn.
ad rou' Thirty-six s c, taking up back of stitch to form rib, work 2 sts in 3 zth and foth sts, work to within fo st, of emd. incruase one in foth st and 37 th st from end. turn.

Always rememper to cla 1 at end of each row in order to keep edge straight. Work lack and forth in sc, incteasing one in each of the widening points to form shoulder. Work 9 tils or is rows. With white wool work if clusters of + double crochet across front, ch 3 inches, work i8 clusters of 4 d e across back, ch 3 inches, work it clusters of 4 d c across other front, turn, ch I , catch into centre of 1 st cluster with s c. chi 3 . work 3 d c in same st, work +dc in centre of each cluster across front, work 6 clusters of $+d \mathrm{c}$ on ch, work across back, work 6 clusters of +4 c on ch, work across front, turn. Always remember to ch 1 at each
end and catch in centre of ist cluster with sc and ch 3 ; this will keep front edges even. Make sack 19 rows deep.

Sleeves-Commence ne stitch from centre of


Baby's Sack
shoulder and work $s$ clusters of $+d c$ across first laalf of shumber. work $f$ chusters of $f d x$ under arm. Work 5 clusters of +1 c across wher hali of shoulder, turn, work across sleeve back and forth for 15 rows.

With color. commence at corner of right front, ch t. Work d c in $31 \mathrm{st}, \mathrm{ch}_{2}$ and work d c in every 34 st. This will iorm a row of holes for ruming the riblon throngh. Work shell of 6 d c all aromel sack and sleeves. Finish with crochet silk to match colored wool as follows: Chain 2 and with s c catch into crery stitch of shell. To form revers, turn over fronis of sack the width of two clusters and sew down the lengtly of sack. Turn orer two clusters at bottom of sleeves and slope to me at top. Lace sleeves together with marrow ribbon, and make small lows at top and botom of sleeves.

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